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Workers Memorial Day – April 28, 2010

Workers Memorial Day recognizes those workers who died or sustained work-related injuries or illnesses during the previous year. In 2008, a total of 5,071 U.S. workers died from occupational injuries (1), and 49,000 deaths annually are attributed to work-related illnesses (2). In 2008, an estimated 3.7 million workers in private industry and 940,000 in state and local government had a nonfatal occupational injury or illness; 40%–50% of these workers were transferred, placed on work restrictions, or took time away from work (3). An estimated 3.4 million workers were treated in emergency departments for occupational injuries and illnesses in 2007, and approximately 94,000 were hospitalized (CDC, unpublished data, 2010).

Work-related injuries and deaths are costly. Employers and insurers spent nearly \$85 billion on workers' compensation in 2007 (4). Those expenditures are only a portion of the costs borne by employers, workers, and society overall, including costs paid by other insurance systems and most of the costs of work-related illness. Additional information on workplace safety and health is available from CDC at http://www.cdc.gov/niosh.

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Occupational Injuries and Deaths Among Younger Workers — United States, 1998–2007

Younger workers (defined as those aged 15-24 years) represent 14% of the U.S. labor force and face high risk for injury while on the job (1-4). To assess trends and help guide efforts to improve young worker safety, CDC's National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) analyzed data from the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI) and the National Electronic Injury Surveillance System occupational supplement (NEISS-Work) for the period 1998-2007. This report summarizes the results of that analysis. During the 10-year period, 5,719 younger workers died from occupational injuries. The fatality rate for younger workers was 3.6 deaths per 100,000 full-time equivalent workers (FTE) (one FTE = 2,000 hours worked per year) and was lower than the rate for older workers (defined as aged ≥ 25 years) (4.4 deaths per 100,000 FTE). The fatality rate decreased an estimated 14% during the 10-year period. For the same period, an estimated 7.9 million nonfatal injuries to younger workers were treated in U.S. hospital emergency departments (EDs). The nonfatal injury rate was 5.0 ED-treated injuries per 100 FTE and was approximately two times higher than among workers aged ≥ 25 years. The rate of nonfatal injuries among younger workers declined 19%, but the decline was not statistically significant. Public health, labor, and trade organizations should provide guidance to employers to help them in their responsibilities to provide safer workplaces and should identify steps that employers can take to remove or reduce injury hazards. Employers need to ensure that their younger workers have the

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requisite training and personal protective equipment to perform their jobs safely.

For CFOI, the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) collects data on occupational injury deaths from multiple sources, including death certificates, police reports, and workers' compensation reports.* To be included in CFOI, the decedent must have been employed at the time of incident, working as a volunteer in the same functions as a paid employee, or present at a site as a job requirement (5). CFOI includes deaths of all youths working on family farms and other businesses. The event or exposure causing death is classified according to the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) (5). To calculate fatality rates, labor force denominator estimates were derived from the U.S. Current Population Survey $(CPS)^{\dagger}$ for workers aged ≥ 15 years (3). Beginning in 2003, the decedents' industry was reported according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).[§] Industry coding before 2003 was not compatible with this system; therefore, for this report, industry information is only given for deaths occurring during 2003–2007.

The NEISS-Work ED-based surveillance system tracks nonfatal work-related injuries and illnesses treated in EDs by using a national stratified probability sample of 67 U.S. hospitals.[¶] For NEISS-Work, injuries or illnesses are determined to be work related when the ED chart indicates that the incident occurred to a civilian noninstitutionalized person while working for pay or other compensation, working on a farm, or volunteering for an organized group (2). Trained personnel abstract information regarding

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^{*}NIOSH receives a CFOI research file through a Memorandum of Understanding from BLS.

[†] CPS is the primary source of U.S. labor force statistics. For CPS, the U.S. Census Bureau surveys approximately 50,000 households monthly to collect employment, unemployment, earnings, hours of work, and other indicators.

[§]NAICS is the standard for classifying business establishments; additional information available at http://www.census.gov/eos/ www/naics.

INIOSH collects NEISS-Work data in collaboration with the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC), which operates the base NEISS hospital system for the collection of data on consumer product-related injuries. The CPSC product-related injury estimates exclude work-related injuries, whereas NEISS-Work estimates include all work-related injuries regardless of product involvement (i.e., NEISS and NEISS-Work cases are mutually exclusive). Because of hospital closures and other nonparticipation/nonresponse factors, the number of reporting hospitals varied during the study period.

What is already known on this topic?

Younger workers (those aged 15–24 years) are overrepresented in jobs with injury hazards.

What is added by this report?

Among younger workers, the rates of fatal and nonfatal work injuries declined moderately during 1998–2007, and younger workers experienced nearly twice the risk for nonfatal injury compared with older workers.

What are the implications for public health practice?

Measures to increase employers' knowledge about injury risks for younger workers and the steps that employers can take to improve safety should be more widely disseminated and implemented.

worker, injury/illness, and incident characteristics from medical records at each participating hospital. The event or exposure causing injury is classified according to the OIICS (5). Industry data are not available for NEISS-Work.

NEISS-Work cases were assigned statistical weights based on a sampling frame of national hospital ED visits. The weights were summed to provide national estimates of the number of work-related ED-treated injuries and illnesses. For nonfatal injury rates, CPS labor force denominator estimates were used (*3*). Ninety-five percent confidence intervals (CIs) for number and rate of injury took into account the variance arising from the stratified sample. Variances for rates also took into account the denominator variance by using the BLS approximate standard error formulas derived for the CPS (*3*). Trends in fatal and nonfatal injury rates were tested for statistical significance by using Poisson regression analysis.

During 1998–2007, a total of 5,719 fatal injuries among younger workers were identified (average of 572 per year) (Table 1). An estimated 10-year decline of 14% (p<0.001) was observed in the rate of deaths, as well as an estimated 19% decline in the rate of nonfatal work injuries among younger workers, although the latter decline was not statistically significant (p=0.3) (Figure). Among younger workers, the highest nonfatal injury rates were experienced by workers aged 18 and 19 years, at 6.3 (CI = \pm 2.0) and 5.9 (CI = \pm 1.8) injuries per 100 FTE, respectively. The younger worker nonfatal injury rate was twofold higher than the rate for older workers (5.0 ED-treated injuries per 100 FTE compared with 2.4, respectively) (Table 2).

Younger Hispanic workers had a fatality rate (5.6 per 100,000 FTE [p=0.1]) that was significantly

higher than the rate for non-Hispanic white workers (3.3 per 100,000 FTE; p<0.001) and the rate for non-Hispanic black workers (2.3 per 100,000 FTE; p<0.001) (Table 1). In contrast, the rate of nonfatal ED-treated injuries for younger Hispanic workers was not significantly different from younger, non-Hispanic white and black workers (2.3 versus 4.5 per 100 FTE [p=0.06 for white workers] and 2.3 versus 3.8 per 100 FTE [p=0.1 for black workers]) (Table 2). Similar to older workers, younger male workers experienced higher rates of fatal and nonfatal injuries than younger female workers.

Transportation-related deaths, largely highway incidents, were the most frequently recorded events among all age groups (Table 1).** Transportation events included incidents involving all forms of transportation and powered industrial equipment when the incident resulted in an injury from a collision, loss of vehicle control, sudden vehicle stop, or a pedestrian/worker being struck by a vehicle. Highway incidents occurred on public roadways, shoulders, or surrounding areas (excluding incidents off the highway/street or on industrial, commercial, or farm premises or parking lots). For nonfatal injuries, contact with objects or equipment was the most common event for all age groups but accounted for a larger proportion of injuries among younger workers (49%) compared with older workers (40%) (Table 2). The contact injuries largely involved the worker being struck by or against, rubbed or abraded, or caught in or crushed by various tools, equipment, machinery, parts, or materials.

Results for fatal injuries classified by industry indicate that, during 2003–2007, the greatest number of fatal injuries among younger workers occurred in the services (32%), construction (28%), wholesale and retail trade (10%), and agriculture (10%) industry sectors. Younger workers experienced the highest rates of fatal injury in mining (36.5 per 100,000 FTE), agriculture (21.3 per 100,000 FTE), and construction (10.9 per 100,000 FTE).

Reported by

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^{**} CFOI includes deaths of workers traveling between job sites but not commuting to or from work.

| | Pe | ersons a | iged 15 | –17 yrs | Per | sons ag | ed 15– | 24 yrs | P | ersons a | ged ≥25 | yrs | | tio (RR) of pe s to persons | rsons aged aged ≥25 yrs |
|--|-----|-------------------|---------|------------------------|-------|---------|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|-----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Characteristic | No. | (% [§]) | Rate | (95% Cl [¶]) | No. | (%) | Rate | (95% CI) | No. | (%) | Rate | (95% CI) | RR | (95% CI) | p value |
| Total | 374 | (100) | 2.9 | (±0.5) | 5,719 | (100) | 3.6 | (±0.2) | 51,150 | (100) | 4.4 | (<0.1) | 0.8 | (<0.1) | <0.001 |
| Race/Ethnicity** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White, non-Hispanic | 243 | (65) | 2.5 | (±0.5) | 3,543 | (62) | 3.3 | (±0.2) | 36,894 | (72) | 4.4 | (<0.1) | 0.7 | (<0.1) | <0.001 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 17 | (5) | 1.4 | (±1.4) | 420 | (7) | 2.3 | (±0.4) | 5,107 | (10) | 4.1 | (±0.2) | 0.6 | (±0.2) | <0.001 |
| Hispanic | 102 | (27) | 6.3 | (±3.2) | 1,503 | (26) | 5.6 | (±0.8) | 6,834 | (13) | 5.1 | (±0.2) | 1.1 | (±0.1) | 0.1 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | | _ | _ | — | 214 | (4) | 3.0 | (±0.7) | 1,986 | (4) | 3.1 | (±0.1) | 1.0 | (±0.2) | 0.4 |
| Sex | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 335 | (90) | 4.9 | (±0.8) | 5,281 | (92) | 6.0 | (±0.4) | 47,240 | (92) | 7.0 | (±0.1) | 0.9 | (<0.1) | <0.001 |
| Female | 39 | (10) | 0.6 | (±0.2) | 438 | (8) | 0.6 | (<0.1) | 3,910 | (8) | 0.8 | (<0.1) | 0.8 | (<0.1) | < 0.001 |
| Event or exposure§§ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contact with objects and equipment | 70 | (19) | | | 997 | (17) | | | 8,469 | (17) | | | | | |
| Falls | 34 | (9) | | | 614 | (11) | | | 6,771 | (13) | | | | | |
| Bodily reaction and exertion | †† | _ | | | — | _ | | | 114 | (<1) | | | | | |
| Exposure to harmful substances or environments | 40 | (11) | | | 722 | (13) | | | 4,336 | (8) | | | | | |
| Transportation incidents | 178 | (48) | | | 2,399 | (42) | | | 22,202 | (43) | | | | | |
| Fires and explosions | 6 | (2) | | | 192 | (3) | | | 1,593 | (3) | | | | | |
| Assaults and violent acts | 45 | (12) | | | 788 | (14) | | | 7,627 | (15) | | | | | |

TABLE 1. Number* and rate[†] of fatal occupational injuries, by age group, race/ethnicity, sex, and event or exposure — United States, 1998–2007

* The number of deaths is derived from the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. Additional information available at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoi1.htm.

⁺ Fatal rates are per 100,000 full-time equivalent (FTE) workers; one FTE = 2,000 hours worked per year and includes hours for all jobs worked by a person; FTE are derived from the BLS Current Population Survey. Additional information available at http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

[§] Percentages might not sum to 100 because of rounding.

[¶] Confidence interval.

** Deaths of workers with race/ethnicity unidentified accounted for <1% of all deaths; workers with Hispanic ethnicity might be of any race.

⁺⁺ Did not meet minimum reporting requirements.

§§ Classified according to the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (additional information available at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshoiics.htm); included in the total number of deaths are nonclassifiable fatal injury events and exposures accounting for <0.1% of all deaths; rates are not given for event or exposure characteristics.

Editorial Note

The analysis in this report indicates declines in the rates of fatal and nonfatal ED-treated injuries among younger workers (i.e., those aged 15–24 years) during 1998–2007. The decline in the fatality rate was moderate, 14% over the 10-year period, and the 19% decline in the rate of nonfatal injuries did not reach statistical significance. *Healthy People 2010* set a goal to reduce the rate of ED-treated work injuries among persons aged 15–17 years by 30%, to a rate of 3.5 per 100 FTE.^{††} The rate for the most recent year in this analysis was 4.2 per 100 FTE, short of the goal. Research into the contributors to these declines and barriers to further declines has not been conducted but would be helpful in focusing future efforts. The

proposed *Healthy People 2020* objective expands the definition of adolescent workers to include workers aged 18–19 years^{§§} because persons aged 18–19 years have the highest injury rates among younger workers.

Higher rates of nonfatal injuries among younger workers also have been observed in other countries (4). A systematic review found consistent evidence that injuries were associated with increased hazards in workplaces of younger workers (e.g., use of ladders and knives), a perceived work overload (e.g., pressure to complete work more quickly), and minority status (4). Lack of job knowledge, training, and skills might contribute to increased risk among younger workers, who might be less likely to recognize hazards, less

⁺⁺ Healthy People 2010 objective 20-02h: reduce work-related injuries among adolescent workers (aged 15–17 years). Additional information available at http://www.healthypeople.gov/data/ midcourse/html/focusareas/fa20objectives.htm.

^{§§} Healthy People 2020 occupational safety and health objective HP2020–8c: reduce nonfatal work-related injuries among adolescent workers (aged 15 to 19 years). Additional information available at http://healthypeople.gov/hp2020/objectives/topicareas.aspx.

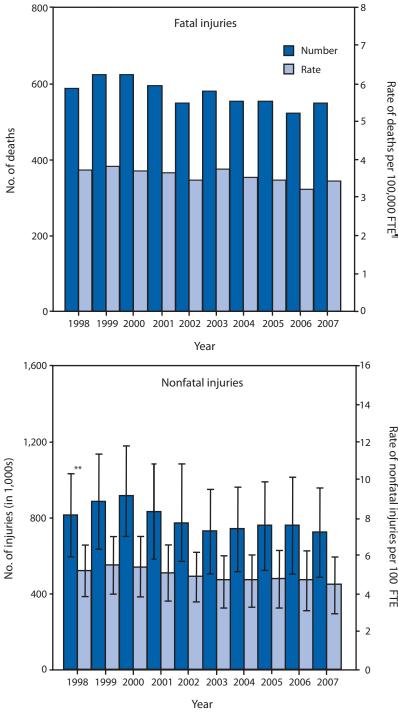
likely to speak up regarding safety, and less aware of their legal rights as workers (1). This might be exacerbated for some groups of workers, such as Hispanics (6) and workers in their first jobs.

The finding of lower nonfatal injury rates among Hispanic workers is inconsistent with the patterns of fatality rates observed in this study and findings in other studies using various data sources (7). Hispanic workers might be less likely to report work as the place of injury and to seek hospital care for less severe nonfatal injuries (7).

The primary responsibility for workplace safety lies with employers (8). Thus, reductions in younger worker injuries and deaths will require employers to make changes in work environments and workplace practices. General guidance on using a hierarchy of controls to improve worker safety (8), as well as specific recommendations to employers focused on protecting the youngest workers from injuries, is available (1). Workers also have responsibilities for complying with employer policies and practices for safe work, and ideally can identify unsafe conditions and develop safe solutions (8). Public health and safety practitioners, trade and labor organizations, and researchers also can contribute to younger worker safety by providing recommendations to employers on avoiding risks to these less experienced workers (8).

The findings in this report are subject to at least four limitations. First, NEISS-Work data only include workers treated in EDs, estimated to comprise only one third of work injuries treated among all medical venues (2). Second, large standard errors arising from the NEISS-Work sample design reduce the power to detect statistically significant nonfatal injury trends. Third, for both NEISS-Work and CFOI, inclusion of cases is dependent upon identifying work-relatedness; such determinations can be difficult for certain types of incidents where the work-relationship might not be clear or where workers do not wish to identify the work connection. Finally, both systems include injuries to volunteers. However, volunteers are not included in the CPS denominator, potentially resulting in an overestimation of injury rates.

Employers should assess injury hazards in their workplaces, take steps to remove or reduce the injury potential, and ensure their workers have the requisite training and personal protective equipment to perform their jobs safely. Employers should be aided by health and safety practitioners, as well as others, in providing better guidance and tools to improve FIGURE. Number and rate of fatal* and nonfatal[†] occupational injuries among younger workers,[§] by year — United States, 1998–2007



* Fatal occupational injury data are from the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. Additional information available at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoi1.htm.
† Data for nonfatal occupational injuries treated in U.S. hospital emergency departments are from the

National Electronic Injury Surveillance System occupational supplement (NEISS-Work). Additional information available at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5616a3.htm. [§] Workers aged 15–24 years.

¹ Full-time equivalent workers (FTE); one FTE = 2,000 hrs worked per year; FTE are derived from the BLS Current Population Survey. Additional information available at http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

*Error bars represent the 95% confidence interval (no error bars are shown for fatality census counts or the fatality rates; confidence intervals for rates were less than ±0.1).

| | | Persons | aged 15 | 5–17 yrs | 5 | | Persons a | ged 15 | –24 yr | s | | Person | s aged ≥ | 25 yrs | | | ratio (RR) o 15–24 yrs t aged ≥25 | o persons |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|--------|--------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|----------|--------|----------|-----|---|-----------|
| Characteristic | No. (1,000s) | (95% Cl [§]) (1,000s) | (% [¶]) | Rate | (95% CI) | No. (1,000s) | (95% CI) (1,000s) | (%) | Rate | (95% CI) | No. (1,000s) | (95% CI) (1,000s) | (%) | Rate | (95% CI) | RR | (95% CI) | p value |
| Total | 598 | (±117) | (100) | 4.6 | (±1.2) | 7,946 | (±2,256) | (100) | 5.0 | (±1.4) | 28,225 | (±5,480) | (100) | 2.4 | (±0.5) | 2.0 | (±0.3) | <0.001 |
| Race/Ethnicity** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White, non-Hispanic | 386 | (±109) | (65) | 4.0 | (±1.4) | 4,871 | (±2,044) | (61) | 4.5 | (±1.9) | 16,296 | (±4,763) | (58) | 1.9 | (±0.6) | 2.3 | (±0.5) | < 0.001 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 47 | (±19) | (8) | 3.9 | (±2.7) | 674 | (±260) | (8) | 3.8 | (±1.6) | 3,474 | (±1,511) | (12) | 2.8 | (±1.2) | 1.3 | (±0.6) | 0.1 |
| Hispanic | 29 | (±13) | (5) | 1.8 | (±1.2) | 631 | (±275) | (8) | 2.3 | (±1.1) | 2,052 | (±1,107) | (7) | 1.5 | (±0.8) | 1.5 | (±0.7) | <0.1 |
| Sex | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 376 | (±75) | (63) | 5.5 | (±1.9) | 5,527 | (±1,635) | (70) | 6.2 | (±1.9) | 19,236 | (±3,830) | (68) | 2.8 | (±0.6) | 2.2 | (±0.4) | < 0.001 |
| Female | 222 | (±44) | (37) | 3.6 | (±1.2) | 2,418 | (±634) | (30) | 3.4 | (±0.9) | 8,983 | (±1,693) | (32) | 1.8 | (±0.3) | 1.8 | (±0.3) | < 0.001 |
| Event or exposure ^{††} | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contact with objects and equipment | 309 | (±67) | (52) | | | 3,898 | (±1,173) | (49) | | | 11,267 | (±2,271) | (40) | | | | | |
| Falls | 80 | (±16) | (13) | | | 904 | (±230) | (11) | | | 4,376 | (±844) | (16) | | | | | |
| Bodily reaction and exertion | 83 | (±20) | (14) | | | 1,710 | (±580) | (22) | | | 7,120 | (±1,759) | (25) | | | | | |
| Exposure to harmful substances or environments | 85 | (±17) | (14) | | | 754 | (±155) | (9) | | | 2,421 | (±397) | (9) | | | | | |
| Transportation incidents | §§ | _ | | | | 154 | (±49) | (2) | | | 769 | (±176) | (3) | | | | | |
| Fires and explosions | _ | _ | | | | 48 | (±14) | (1) | | | 214 | (±56) | (1) | | | | | |
| Assaults and violent acts | 18 | (±4) | (3) | | | 294 | (±99) | (4) | | | 1,246 | (±221) | (4) | | | | | |

TABLE 2. Number* and rate[†] of nonfatal occupational injuries treated in U.S. hospital emergency departments, by age group, race/ethnicity, sex, and event or exposure — United States, 1998–2007

* The number of nonfatal injuries treated in hospital emergency departments is derived from the National Electronic Injury Surveillance System occupational supplement (NEISS-Work). Additional information available at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5616a3.htm.

⁺ Nonfatal rates are per 100 full-time equivalent (FTE) workers; one FTE = 2,000 hours worked per year and includes hours for all jobs worked by a person; FTE are derived from the Current Population Survey. (Additional information available at http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm.

§ Confidence interval.

[¶] Percentages might not sum to 100 because of rounding.

** Injured workers with other, non-Hispanic race/ethnicity accounted for nearly 2% of all injured workers; injured workers with unidentified race/ethnicity accounted for nearly 21% of all injured workers; workers with Hispanic ethnicity might be of any race.

⁺⁺ Classified according to the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (additional information available at http://www. bls.gov/iif/oshoiics.htm); included in the total number of injuries are nonclassifiable injury events and exposures accounting for <3% of all injuries; rates are not given for event or exposure characteristics.

§§ Did not meet minimum reporting requirements.

young worker safety. NIOSH recently introduced school curricula (9), which can help students identify workplace health and safety hazards, take measures to reduce risk for injury, and understand their rights as workers. The curricula would ensure that younger persons possess basic safety knowledge when they begin their work lives, and increase the potential for them to play active roles in workplace efforts to identify injury hazards and effective control strategies (8). NIOSH is encouraging widespread use of these free curricula in the nation's schools. NIOSH continues to conduct and support surveillance, research, and outreach for younger worker safety (10). One example is the ongoing comprehensive Childhood Agricultural Injury Prevention Initiative, which demonstrates the potential for substantial reductions with dedicated efforts. Periodic surveys of farm operators (CDC, unpublished data, 2010) have continued to show

declines in work-related injury rates beyond the 30% reported during 1998–2004 (*10*).

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Seroprevalence of Herpes Simplex Virus Type 2 Among Persons Aged 14–49 Years — United States, 2005–2008

Herpes simplex virus type 2 (HSV-2) is one of the most common sexually transmitted infections worldwide and the primary cause of genital and neonatal herpes and genital ulcer disease (1). Multiple studies have shown that HSV-2 infection increases the risk for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection by at least twofold (2). HSV-2 infection is lifelong, and serologic testing provides the best method to estimate HSV-2 prevalence. Since 1976, CDC has monitored HSV-2 seroprevalence in the United States through the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES). After increasing from 1976-1980 (NHANES II) to 1988-1994 (NHANES III), HSV-2 seroprevalence decreased, from 21.0% in 1988-1994 to 17.0% in NHANES 1999–2004 (1). To determine whether HSV-2 seroprevalence in the United States has changed since 1999-2004 and to estimate HSV-2 seroprevalence by age, race/ethnicity, and reported lifetime number of sex partners, CDC analyzed serologic test results from persons aged 14-49 years who participated in NHANES 2005-2008. The results indicated that HSV-2 seroprevalence was 16.2% overall, not statistically different from the seroprevalence in 1999–2004. Seroprevalence was highest among women (20.9%) and non-Hispanic blacks (39.2%). Of those infected with HSV-2, 81.1% had not received a diagnosis. Clinicians, health departments, health-care organizations, and community groups should promote measures that prevent HSV-2 transmission, including minimizing the number of sex partners, avoiding concurrent sexual partnerships, and using condoms consistently and correctly. Patients with known HSV-2 infection should be tested for HIV.

NHANES surveys are cross-sectional surveys designed to compile nationally representative statistics on the health of the U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population through complex, multistage probability sampling. During NHANES 2005–2008, a total of 8,283 persons aged 14–49 years were interviewed. Of these, 8,002 had a medical examination; sera were collected from 7,293 participants (88% of those interviewed) for testing of HSV-2 antibodies using a type-specific immunodot assay. Seroprevalence was analyzed by sex, age group, number of lifetime sex partners, and three racial/ethnic categories (non-Hispanic white, non-Hispanic black, and Mexican American). Participants also were asked, "Has a doctor or other health-care professional ever told you that you had genital herpes?" Statistical software was used to generate seroprevalence estimates and 95% confidence intervals. All seroprevalence estimates were weighted using medical examination weights of the survey to represent the U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population, accounting for survey participants' unequal probabilities of selection and adjustments for nonresponse. Differences in seroprevalence among categories of participants (e.g., sex or age group) were assessed using the Wald chi-square test.

Overall HSV-2 seroprevalence from NHANES 2005–2008 was 16.2%, not statistically different from the 17.0% seroprevalence in NHANES 1999–2004 (p = 0.34). Of those testing positive for HSV-2 infection, 81.1% said they had never been told by a doctor or health-care professional that they had genital herpes. Seroprevalence increased with age, ranging from 1.4% among those aged 14–19 years to 26.1% among those aged 40–49 years (p<0.001) (Table). HSV-2 seroprevalence was greater among women (20.9%) than men (11.5%) (p<0.001).

By race/ethnicity, HSV-2 seroprevalence was approximately three times greater among non-Hispanic blacks (39.2%) as among non-Hispanic whites (12.3%) (p<0.001). Seroprevalence was greatest among non-Hispanic blacks in the 30-39 years (56.2%) and 40-49 years (56.0%) age groups (Figure 1). In contrast, seroprevalence was 20.8% for non-Hispanic whites aged 40-49 years, and 20.4% for Mexican Americans aged 40-49 years. For all three racial/ethnic groups, HSV-2 seroprevalence generally was greater among those with more lifetime sex partners (Figure 2). For example, among persons with two to four lifetime sex partners, seroprevalence was 9.1% for non-Hispanic whites, 34.3% for non-Hispanic blacks, and 13.0% for Mexican Americans. Among persons with 10 or more lifetime sex partners, seroprevalence was 22.7% for non-Hispanic whites, 49.9% for non-Hispanic blacks, and 17.1% for Mexican Americans. (Figure 2).

| | | Overall | | | Female | | | Male | |
|---|-------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Characteristic | Sample size | Sero- prevalence (%) | (95% CI [†]) | Sample size | Sero- prevalence (%) | (95% Cl) | Sample size | Sero- prevalence (%) | (95% CI) |
| Total | 7,293 | 16.2 | (14.6–17.9) | 3,778 | 20.9 | (18.9–23.1) | 3,515 | 11.5 | (9.8–13.3) |
| Age group (yrs) | | | | | | | | | |
| 14–19 | 2,287 | 1.4 | (1.0-2.0) | 1,115 | 2.1 | (1.4–3.0) | 1,172 | 0.8 [§] | (0.3-1.8) |
| 20–29 | 1,710 | 10.5 | (9.0–12.3) | 952 | 14.4 | (11.9–17.3) | 758 | 6.6 | (5.3-8.3) |
| 30–39 | 1,657 | 19.6 | (16.7–22.9) | 861 | 25.2 | (21.2–29.7) | 796 | 13.9 | (11.1–17.2) |
| 40–49 | 1,639 | 26.1 | (22.7–29.7) | 850 | 32.3 | (28.3–36.5) | 789 | 19.6 | (15.2–25.0) |
| Race/Ethnicity [¶] | | | | | | | | | |
| White, non-Hispanic | 2,816 | 12.3 | (10.7–14.2) | 1,449 | 15.9 | (13.6–18.7) | 1,367 | 8.7 | (6.9–10.9) |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 1,742 | 39.2 | (36.7–41.7) | 893 | 48.0 | (44.1–52.0) | 849 | 29.0 | (26.3–31.9) |
| Mexican American | 1,822 | 10.1 | (8.3–12.3) | 944 | 13.2 | (10.8–16.1) | 878 | 7.5 | (5.4–10.4) |
| Reported number of lifetime sex partners** | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 879 | 3.9 | (2.5-6.3) | 587 | 5.4 | (3.3-8.8) | 292 | 1.7 [§] | (0.7-4.2) |
| 2–4 | 1,500 | 14.0 | (12.1–16.2) | 907 | 18.8 | (16.3–21.5) | 593 | 7.3 | (5.3–9.8) |
| 5–9 | 1,212 | 16.3 | (13.4–19.6) | 651 | 21.8 | (17.6–26.7) | 561 | 10.1 | (7.6–13.4) |
| ≥10 | 1,601 | 26.7 | (23.2-30.4) | 652 | 37.1 | (33.6–40.8) | 949 | 19.1 | (15.2–23.6) |

TABLE. Herpes simplex virus type 2 seroprevalence* among persons aged 14–49 years, by selected characteristics — National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, United States, 2005–2008

* All seroprevalence estimates were weighted using medical examination weights of the survey to represent the U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population, accounting for survey participants' unequal probabilities of selection and adjustments for nonresponse.

[†] Confidence interval.

§ Relative standard error >30%.

[¶] Data for persons of other racial/ethnic groups, including other Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaska Native, and persons of multiple race/ethnicity (n = 913), are not presented because of small sample sizes but are included in the overall analyses.

** Excludes 2,101 persons who reported never having sex.

Reported by

F Xu, MD, PhD, MR Sternberg, PhD, SL Gottlieb, MD, SM Berman, MD, LE Markowitz, MD, Div of STD Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention; SE Forhan, MD, LD Taylor, DrPH, EIS officers, CDC.

Editorial Note

HSV-2 infection is an important public health concern because of the morbidity associated with symptomatic infection, the potential for high rates of clinical and subclinical recurrences, and the strong association between HSV-2 and HIV infections; genital HSV-2 infection in pregnant women can lead to serious infection in neonates through vertical transmission. This report found an overall HSV-2 seroprevalence of 16.2% for the period 2005–2008, not statistically different from the 17.0% seroprevalence found for 1999-2004. As observed in previous surveys (1), CDC found large racial/ethnic disparities in HSV-2 seroprevalence. Most notably, HSV-2 seroprevalence among non-Hispanic blacks was approximately three times that of non-Hispanic whites and nearly four times that of Mexican Americans. This racial disparity is particularly important because

non-Hispanic blacks also are at greater risk for HIV acquisition, making up 12% of the adult and adolescent U.S. population but accounting for 46% of persons living with HIV (3).

Persons infected with HSV-2 are at greater risk for HIV acquisition, even in the absence of HSV-2 symptoms (2). Increased susceptibility to HIV infection likely occurs because even HSV-2 ulcerations that are microscopic can provide a portal of entry for HIV, and HSV-2 reactivation recruits potential target cells for HIV to the genital skin and mucosa. Two large randomized controlled trials among persons who were HSV-2-infected and HIV negative found that daily antiviral (acyclovir) therapy to suppress HSV-2 infection did not decrease the risk for HIV acquisition (4). Thus, primary prevention of HSV-2 infection might be the only available strategy to reduce the increased risk for HIV infection associated with HSV-2. Increasing awareness of the high HSV-2 prevalence in the United States and the link between HSV-2 and HIV infections are important first steps in addressing the increased risk for HIV infection, especially among persons at greatest risk for HSV-2 and HIV infections.

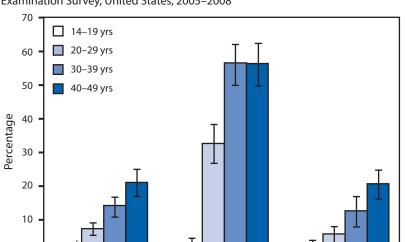


FIGURE 1. Herpes simplex virus type 2 seroprevalence* among persons aged 14–49 years, by age group and race/ethnicity[†] — National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, United States, 2005–2008

* All seroprevalence estimates were weighted using medical examination weights of the survey to represent the U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population, accounting for survey participants' unequal probabilities of selection and adjustments for nonresponse.
† The categories black, non-Hispanic and white, non-Hispanic include persons who reported

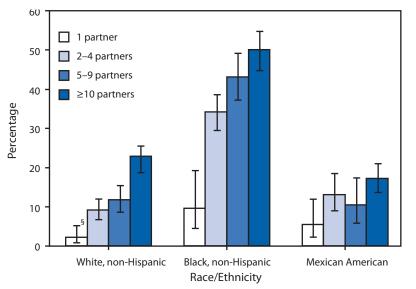
Black, non-Hispanic

Race/Ethnicity

Mexican American

only one race and exclude persons of Hispanic ethnicity. Persons of Mexican American ethnicity might be of any race. § 95% confidence interval.

FIGURE 2. Herpes simplex virus type 2 seroprevalence* among persons aged 14–49 years who reported having had sex, by number of lifetime sex partners and race/ethnicity[†] — National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, United States, 2005–2008



* All seroprevalence estimates were weighted using medical examination weights of the survey to represent the U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population, accounting for survey participants' unequal probabilities of selection and adjustments for nonresponse.

⁺ The categories black, non-Hispanic and white, non-Hispanic include persons who reported only one race and exclude persons of Hispanic ethnicity. Persons of Mexican American ethnicity might be of any race.

§ 95% confidence interval.

This report found that 81.1% of HSV-2 infections were asymptomatic or unrecognized. Viral shedding and transmission to sex partners can occur in the absence of symptoms or a noticeable lesion (5). Multiple prevention strategies used alone or in combination are potentially useful in limiting acquisition and transmission of HSV-2. For persons with symptomatic HSV-2 infection, daily antiviral therapy has been shown to reduce clinical and subclinical reactivation rates of HSV-2 and to reduce the risk for HSV-2 transmission to uninfected partners by 50% (*6*).

CDC recommends that persons with genital herpes avoid sexual activity with uninfected partners when lesions or prodromal symptoms are present because the greater viral shedding that accompanies these symptoms likely increases risk for HSV-2 transmission (5). Infected persons also should be counseled regarding the HSV-2 transmission risk associated with viral shedding in the absence of symptoms. Latex condoms, when used consistently and correctly, can reduce HSV-2 transmission. A recent metaanalysis found that persons who reported always using condoms had a 30% decreased risk for acquiring HSV-2 infection compared with persons who reported no condom use (7). Additionally, persons with HSV-2 infection should be encouraged to inform partners of their infection status before initiating a sexual relationship.

The findings in this report are subject to at least three limitations. First, NHANES surveys do not assess HSV-2 seroprevalence in military or institutionalized populations; therefore, the estimates are not representative of the entire U.S. population. Second, no information was collected regarding genital symptoms to assess the extent of symptomatic but undiagnosed HSV-2 infection. Finally, because of insufficient sample size, coinfection with HSV-2 and HIV could not be assessed. However, a previous report using data from multiyear NHANES found a strong association between HSV-2 seropositivity and HIV infection in the general population (*8*).

Persons with known HSV-2 infection should be tested for HIV and adopt HIV risk-reduction strategies, such as limiting the number of sex partners and using condoms consistently and correctly. However, in this analysis, 81.1% of seropositive participants reported never having received a diagnosis of HSV-2 infection. A substantial proportion of these persons might have nonspecific signs (e.g., small fissures or localized erythema) or mild symptoms that are not recognized as genital herpes (9). Therefore, health-care providers should consider testing for HSV-2 infection in those patients with

0

White, non-Hispanic

What is already known on this topic?

Herpes simplex virus type 2 (HSV-2) is a common sexually transmitted infection in the United States and is associated with an increased risk for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection.

What is added by this report?

During 2005–2008, HSV-2 seroprevalence was 16.2% among persons aged 14–49 years in the United States and higher (39.2%) among non-Hispanic blacks; 81.1% of infected persons had not received a diagnosis.

What are the implications forpublic health practice?

Health-care providers should consider HSV-2 infection in the differential diagnosis of genital complaints consistent with HSV-2 infection; patients with known HSV-2 infection should be tested for HIV. Clinicians, health departments, health-care organizations, and community groups should promote measures that prevent HSV-2 transmission, including minimizing the number of sex partners, avoiding concurrent sexual partnerships, and using condoms consistently and correctly.

either typical or atypical genital complaints, especially when the symptoms are recurrent (5).

Routine serologic testing might identify numerous unrecognized HSV-2 infections; however, the role of routine serologic screening in population-based prevention efforts has been controversial (10). Serologic HSV-2 testing is not recommended currently for the general population because of concerns related to test performance in low-prevalence settings and a lack of data regarding the benefits of screening (10). Nonetheless, HSV serologic screening might be useful in selected populations at high risk, such as persons with multiple sex partners or HIV infection, and men who have sex with men (5). Additional research is needed to determine the benefits, feasibility, and cost effectiveness of serologic testing, alone or in combination with antiviral treatment, to prevent HSV-2 acquisition and transmission (10). Finally, research into development of an HSV-2 vaccine should continue and might result in a more effective preventive measure in the future.

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Announcement

World Malaria Day — April 25, 2010

Counting Malaria Out is the theme of this year's World Malaria Day, commemorated on April 25. Worldwide, malaria causes an estimated 1 million deaths each year. Nearly 90% of these deaths occur among young children in Africa (1).

Counting Malaria Out also is the theme of a campaign to further reduce malaria worldwide. The Roll Back Malaria Partnership is a global framework for coordinated action against malaria founded by UNICEF, the World Health Organization, the World Bank, and the United Nations Development Programme. It encourages malaria-endemic countries, Roll Back Malaria partners, and donors to put extra efforts into achieving universal coverage with malaria interventions by 2010, near-zero deaths by 2015, and the eventual elimination of malaria (2). Since 2000, when 44 African leaders committed their countries to cutting malaria deaths in half by 2010, increasing resources have boosted malaria control efforts. Those interventions are showing progress, with decreased malaria-related morbidity and mortality in Mozambique, Rwanda, Tanzania, Zambia, and Zanzibar (1).

CDC contributes to malaria control through the President's Malaria Initiative (PMI), a U.S. government interagency initiative to reduce the malaria burden in 15 countries in sub-Saharan Africa. The U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) leads PMI, and USAID and CDC jointly implement the initiative, in collaboration with host ministries of health and local and international partners.

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Errata

Vol. 59, No. 8

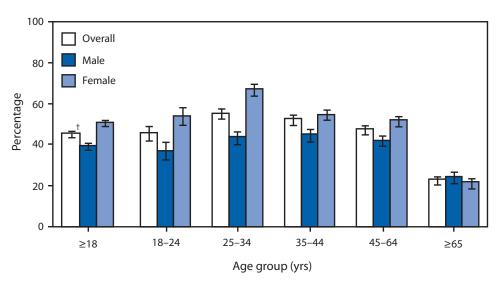
In "Identifying Infants with Hearing Loss — United States, 1999–2007," an error occurred in the second sentence of the paragraph before "Reported by" on page 221. The sentence should read as follows: "The percentage of infants receiving recommended diagnostic follow-up before age 3 months increased from **51.5%** in 2005 to 66.4% in 2007, based on data from 44 states and territories." In addition, in Table 2 on page 222, the number and percentage for 2005, diagnosed before age 3 months, should be **9,106** and **51.5%**.

Vol. 58, No. 31

In "Final 2008 Reports of Nationally Notifiable Infectious Diseases," an error occurred in Table 2, "Reported cases of notifiable diseases, by geographic division and area — United States, 2008." On page 869, under the column titled "Varicella Mortality," the total case count for C.N.M.I. should read "—."

FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

Percentage of Adults Aged ≥18 Years Who Looked Up Health Information on the Internet, by Age Group and Sex*— National Health Interview Survey, United States, January–September 2009



* Estimates are based on survey data collected during January–September 2009 in response to the question, "Did you look up health information on the Internet in the past 12 months?" (Approximately 1% of those sampled did not respond to the question.)

[†]95% confidence interval.

During January–September 2009, 45.6% of adults aged \geq 18 years said they had looked up health information on the Internet in the past 12 months. Overall, the percentage was higher among women (51.0%) than men (39.8%). Among age groups, the percentage was highest among persons aged 25–34 years (55.6%) and lowest among persons aged \geq 65 years (23.0%). In each group aged \leq 65 years, a higher percentage of women than men said they had looked up health information on the Internet.

SOURCE: National Health Interview Survey, 2009, sample adult core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The estimates are being released before final data editing and final weighting to provide earlier public access. The resulting estimates generally are within 0.1 to 0.3 percentage points of the final data files.

Notifiable Diseases and Mortality Tables

TABLE I. Provisional cases of infrequently reported notifiable diseases (<1,000 cases reported during the preceding year) — United States, week ending April 17, 2010 (15th week)*

| | Current | Cum | 5-year weekly | | | ases re revious | | | States reporting cases |
|---|---------|------|----------------------|----------|------|--------------------|---------|---------|--|
| Disease | week | 2010 | average [†] | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | during current week (No.) |
| Anthrax | _ | _ | _ | 1 | _ | 1 | 1 | _ | |
| Botulism, total | _ | 12 | 2 | 103 | 145 | 144 | 165 | 135 | |
| foodborne | _ | _ | 0 | 12 | 17 | 32 | 20 | 19 | |
| infant | _ | 11 | 1 | 67 | 109 | 85 | 97 | 85 | |
| other (wound and unspecified) | _ | 1 | 1 | 24 | 19 | 27 | 48 | 31 | |
| Brucellosis | 5 | 22 | 2 | 119 | 80 | 131 | 121 | 120 | ND (2), FL (1), AZ (1), CA (1) |
| Chancroid | _ | 20 | 1 | 35 | 25 | 23 | 33 | 17 | |
| Cholera | _ | _ | 0 | 19 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 8 | |
| Cyclosporiasis [§] | _ | 19 | 3 | 132 | 139 | 93 | 137 | 543 | |
| Diphtheria | _ | | _ | | | | | | |
| Domestic arboviral diseases [§] , [¶] : | | | | | | | | | |
| California serogroup virus disease | _ | _ | 0 | 54 | 62 | 55 | 67 | 80 | |
| Eastern equine encephalitis virus disease | | | 0 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 21 | |
| Powassan virus disease | _ | _ | | | | | | | |
| St. Louis encephalitis virus disease | _ | _ | 0 0 | 6 12 | 2 | 7 9 | 1 10 | 1 12 | |
| Western equine encephalitis virus disease | _ | _ | U | 12 | 13 | 9 | 10 | 13 | |
| Western equine encephalitis virus disease Haemophilus influenzae,** invasive disease (age <5 yrs): | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| | | - | ~ | 25 | ~~ | ~~ | ~~ | ~ | |
| serotype b | _ | 4 | 0 | 29 | 30 | 22 | 29 | 9 | |
| nonserotype b | 2 | 53 | 4 | 233 | 244 | 199 | 175 | 135 | MN (1), FL (1) |
| unknown serotype | 3 | 70 | 4 | 218 | 163 | 180 | 179 | 217 | NY (2), ID (1) |
| Hansen disease [§] | 1 | 12 | 2 | 77 | 80 | 101 | 66 | 87 | CA (1) |
| Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome [§] | — | 1 | 0 | 14 | 18 | 32 | 40 | 26 | |
| Hemolytic uremic syndrome, postdiarrheal [§] | _ | 30 | 3 | 241 | 330 | 292 | 288 | 221 | |
| HIV infection, pediatric (age <13 yrs) ^{††} | — | _ | 1 | — | _ | _ | _ | 380 | |
| nfluenza-associated pediatric mortality [§] , ^{§§} | _ | 47 | 2 | 360 | 90 | 77 | 43 | 45 | |
| _isteriosis | 2 | 126 | 12 | 804 | 759 | 808 | 884 | 896 | TX (1), AZ (1) |
| Measles ^{¶¶} | 5 | 12 | 3 | 66 | 140 | 43 | 55 | 66 | CA (5) |
| Meningococcal disease, invasive***: | | | | | | | | | |
| A, C, Y, and W-135 | 2 | 75 | 7 | 295 | 330 | 325 | 318 | 297 | OH (1), FL (1) |
| serogroup B | 1 | 31 | 3 | 149 | 188 | 167 | 193 | 156 | FL (1) |
| other serogroup | _ | 3 | 1 | 24 | 38 | 35 | 32 | 27 | |
| unknown serogroup | 6 | 129 | 15 | 477 | 616 | 550 | 651 | 765 | OH (1), VA (1), TX (1), OR (1), CA (2) |
| Numps | 45 | 785 | 115 | 1,886 | 454 | 800 | 6,584 | 314 | NY (17), NYC (28) |
| Novel influenza A virus infections ^{†††} | | | 0 | 43,771 | 2 | 4 | NN | NN | |
| Plaque | _ | _ | 0 | 8 | 3 | 7 | 17 | 8 | |
| Poliomyelitis, paralytic | | | _ | | | , | | 1 | |
| Polio virus Infection, nonparalytic [§] | | | | | _ | _ | NN | NN | |
| Psittacosis | _ | 4 | 0 | 9 | 8 | 12 | 21 | 16 | |
| Q fever, total ^{\$,§§§} | _ | | | | | | | | |
| acute | _ | 15 | 2 | 97 70 | 120 | 171 | 169 | 136 | |
| chronic | _ | 10 | 1 | 79 | 106 | _ | _ | _ | |
| | — | 5 | | 18 | 14 | 1 | | | |
| Rabies, human Rubella ^{¶¶¶} | _ | | 0 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | |
| | _ | 1 | 0 | 3 | 16 | 12 | 11 | 11 | |
| Rubella, congenital syndrome SARS-CoV ^S ,**** | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| | — | — | — | — | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Smallpox [§] | | | | | | | | | |
| Streptococcal toxic-shock syndrome | 5 | 44 | 4 | 152 | 157 | 132 | 125 | 129 | NY (1), PA (1), OH (1), MN (2) |
| Syphilis, congenital (age <1 yr) | — | 28 | 8 | 369 | 431 | 430 | 349 | 329 | |
| etanus | — | — | 0 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 41 | 27 | |
| oxic-shock syndrome (staphylococcal) ^{\$} | 1 | 26 | 1 | 75 | 71 | 92 | 101 | 90 | NY (1) |
| Frichinellosis | — | _ | 0 | 11 | 39 | 5 | 15 | 16 | |
| Fularemia | — | 3 | 1 | 90 | 123 | 137 | 95 | 154 | |
| Typhoid fever | 2 | 84 | 6 | 367 | 449 | 434 | 353 | 324 | VA (1), GA (1) |
| /ancomycin-intermediate Staphylococcus aureus | 1 | 17 | 1 | 75 | 63 | 37 | 6 | 2 | MO (1) |
| Vancomycin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus | _ | 1 | 0 | _ | _ | 2 | 1 | 3 | |
| Vibriosis (noncholera <i>Vibrio</i> species infections) [§] | 2 | 40 | 3 | 722 | 588 | 549 | NN | NN | MD (1), CA (1) |
| Viral Hemorrhagic Fever | _ | 1 | | NN | NN | NN | NN | NN | |
| Yellow fever | | | | | | | | _ | |

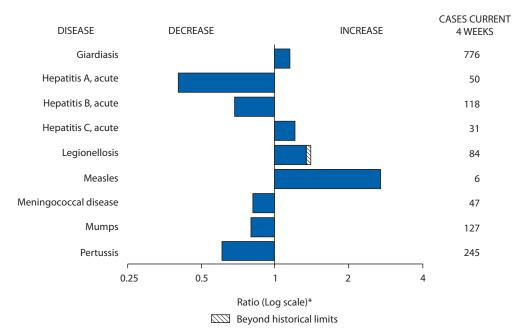
See Table I footnotes on next page.

TABLE I. (*Continued*) Provisional cases of infrequently reported notifiable diseases (<1,000 cases reported during the preceding year) — United States, week ending April 17, 2010 (15th week)*

---: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts.

- * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional, whereas data for 2005 through 2008 are finalized.
- ⁺ Calculated by summing the incidence counts for the current week, the 2 weeks preceding the current week, and the 2 weeks following the current week, for a total of 5 preceding years. Additional information is available at http://www.cdc.gov/epo/dphsi/phs/files/5yearweeklyaverage.pdf.
- ⁵ Not reportable in all states. Data from states where the condition is not reportable are excluded from this table, except starting in 2007 for the domestic arboviral diseases and influenzaassociated pediatric mortality, and in 2003 for SARS-CoV. Reporting exceptions are available at http://www.cdc.gov/epo/dphsi/phs/infdis.htm.
- Includes both neuroinvasive and nonneuroinvasive. Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for West Nile virus are available in Table II.
- ** Data for H. influenzae (all ages, all serotypes) are available in Table II.
- ⁺⁺ Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. Implementation of HIV reporting influences the number of cases reported. Updates of pediatric HIV data have been temporarily suspended until upgrading of the national HIV/AIDS surveillance data management system is completed. Data for HIV/AIDS, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly.
- ^{§§} Updated weekly from reports to the Influenza Division, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases. Since April 26, 2009, a total of 281 influenza-associated pediatric deaths associated with 2009 influenza A (H1N1) virus infection have been reported. Since August 30, 2009, a total of 272 influenza-associated pediatric deaths occurring during the 2009–10 influenza season have been reported. A total of 134 influenza-associated pediatric deaths occurring during the 2008–09 influenza season have been reported.
- ^{¶¶} Of the five measles cases reported for the current week, one was imported, and four were indigenous.
- *** Data for meningococcal disease (all serogroups) are available in Table II.
- ⁺⁺⁺ CDC discontinued reporting of individual confirmed and probable cases of 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) virus infections on July 24, 2009. CDC will report the total number of 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) hospitalizations and deaths weekly on the CDC H1N1 influenza website (http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu). In addition, three cases of novel influenza A virus infections, unrelated to the 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) virus, were reported to CDC during 2009.
- ^{§§§} In 2009, Q fever acute and chronic reporting categories were recognized as a result of revisions to the Q fever case definition. Prior to that time, case counts were not differentiated with respect to acute and chronic Q fever cases.
- ^{¶¶¶} No rubella cases were reported for the current week.
- **** Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Viral and Rickettsial Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases.
- titit There was one case of Viral Hemorrhagic Fever reported during week 12. The one case report was confirmed as Lassa fever. See Table II for Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever.

FIGURE I. Selected notifiable disease reports, United States, comparison of provisional 4-week totals April 17, 2010, with historical data



* Ratio of current 4-week total to mean of 15 4-week totals (from previous, comparable, and subsequent 4-week periods for the past 5 years). The point where the hatched area begins is based on the mean and two standard deviations of these 4-week totals.

| Notifiable Disease Data Team and | d 122 Cities Mortality Data Team |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Patsy A. Ha | ll-Baker |
| Deborah A. Adams | Rosaline Dhara |
| Willie J. Anderson | Pearl C. Sharp |
| Jose Aponte | Michael S. Wodajo |
| Lenee Blanton | <i>,</i> |
| | |

TABLE II. Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

| | | Chlamydia | a trachomatis | infection | | | Cryp | otosporidiosis | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Current | Previous 5 | 2 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous 5 | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | 11,680 | 23,199 | 27,391 | 260,681 | 363,070 | 50 | 116 | 262 | 1,237 | 1,317 |
| New England | 587 | 704 | 1,398 | 8,440 | 11,719 | — | 6 | 25 | 58 | 110 |
| Connecticut | _ | 210 | 736 | 859 | 3,173 | _ | 0 | 21 | 21 | 40 |
| Maine [†] Massachusetts | 465 | 49 368 | 75 767 | 636 5,501 | 761 5,958 | _ | 1 | 4 15 | 14 | 7 34 |
| New Hampshire | | 36 | 60 | 167 | 622 | _ | 1 | 5 | 6 | 17 |
| Rhode Island [†] | 99 | 67 | 244 | 930 | 858 | _ | 0 | 8 | 5 | 1 |
| Vermont [†] | 23 | 23 | 63 | 347 | 347 | — | 1 | 9 | 12 | 11 |
| Vid. Atlantic | 3,093 | 3,059 | 4,435 | 46,111 | 46,486 | 7 | 14 | 38 | 141 | 147 |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | 342 | 426 | 611 | 5,266 | 7,690 | 4 | 0 | 5 | | 8 |
| New York City | 897 1,293 | 607 1,184 | 2,415 2,289 | 9,219 19,153 | 8,626 17,519 | 4 | 3 1 | 16 5 | 27 10 | 40 24 |
| Pennsylvania | 561 | 817 | 1,020 | 12,473 | 12,651 | 3 | 9 | 19 | 104 | 75 |
| E.N. Central | 868 | 3,431 | 4,021 | 27,912 | 59,176 | 6 | 29 | 55 | 262 | 336 |
| Illinois | — | 978 | 1,428 | 146 | 17,585 | _ | 3 | 8 | 38 | 33 |
| Indiana | 76 | 379 | 602 | 3,119 | 6,715 | _ | 4 | 10 | 14 | 72 |
| Michigan Ohio | 683 109 | 880 821 | 1,379 1,014 | 14,354 7,499 | 14,326 14,608 | 1 5 | 6 8 | 11 16 | 77 91 | 64 86 |
| Wisconsin | 109 | 376 | 480 | 2,794 | 5,942 | | 8 | 24 | 42 | 81 |
| W.N. Central | 430 | 1,311 | 1,715 | 17,135 | 21,060 | 12 | 19 | 59 | 177 | 161 |
| lowa | 23 | 174 | 252 | 2,449 | 2,986 | 1 | 3 | 13 | 38 | 39 |
| Kansas | _ | 183 | 573 | 2,309 | 2,976 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 22 | 17 |
| Minnesota | _ | 269 | 337 | 3,035 | 4,393 | 2 | 5 | 31 | 57 | 30 |
| Missouri Nebraska† | 362 45 | 504 95 | 638 236 | 7,527 1,410 | 7,743 1,617 | 4 | 3 2 | 12 9 | 33 19 | 33 18 |
| North Dakota | 45 | 31 | 92 | 405 | 488 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 10 |
| South Dakota | _ | 1 | 80 | | 857 | _ | Ő | 10 | 6 | 23 |
| S. Atlantic | 2,515 | 4,543 | 6,224 | 46,323 | 72,846 | 10 | 17 | 50 | 244 | 257 |
| Delaware | 100 | 87 | 180 | 1,258 | 1,367 | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | — |
| District of Columbia | 88 | 116 | 178 | 1,381 | 2,120 | _ | 0 | 0 | | 2 |
| Florida Georgia | 541 12 | 1,408 626 | 1,671 1,322 | 19,709 692 | 21,823 12,466 | 6 1 | 7 5 | 24 31 | 96 100 | 80 106 |
| Maryland [†] | 396 | 454 | 1,031 | 5,676 | 6,246 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 100 |
| North Carolina | | 746 | 1,291 | | 12,483 | _ | Ő | 8 | 11 | 27 |
| South Carolina [†] | 636 | 520 | 1,421 | 8,019 | 7,083 | _ | 1 | 7 | 9 | 15 |
| Virginia [†] | 672 | 607 | 926 | 8,543 | 8,055 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 15 | 13 |
| West Virginia | 70 | 67 | 137 | 1,045 | 1,203 | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| E.S. Central Alabama [†] | 738 3 | 1,705 450 | 2,264 629 | 21,898 5,418 | 27,284 7,701 | 2 | 4 | 10 5 | 53 15 | 39 13 |
| Kentucky | 353 | 260 | 642 | 4,302 | 3,438 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 20 | 9 |
| Mississippi | _ | 449 | 640 | 4,813 | 7,206 | _ | 0 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Tennessee [†] | 382 | 569 | 734 | 7,365 | 8,939 | — | 1 | 5 | 14 | 13 |
| W.S. Central | 492 | 2,939 | 5,780 | 31,412 | 47,431 | 5 | 8 | 39 | 74 | 55 |
| Arkansas [†] | 296 | 269 | 416 | 4,168 | 4,551 | _ | 1 | 5 | 12 | 5 |
| Louisiana Oklahoma | 196 | 472 222 | 1,055 2,713 | 2,922 4,554 | 9,300 2,148 | 1 | 0 2 | 6 9 | 11 10 | 7 10 |
| Texas [†] | | 2,005 | 3,214 | 19,768 | 31,432 | 4 | 6 | 28 | 41 | 33 |
| Mountain | 945 | 1,399 | 2,089 | 16,900 | 20,162 | 6 | 10 | 25 | 112 | 97 |
| Arizona | 454 | 476 | 742 | 3,863 | 6,965 | _ | 0 | 3 | 5 | 9 |
| Colorado | — | 375 | 689 | 5,208 | 3,272 | 4 | 2 | 10 | 33 | 24 |
| Idaho [†] | | 67 | 185 | 713 | 1,147 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 21 | 9 |
| Montana [†] Nevada [†] | 37 248 | 55 168 | 79 478 | 836 2,589 | 970 3,119 | 1 | 1 0 | 4 2 | 14 4 | 8 6 |
| New Mexico [†] | 136 | 168 | 257 | 1,570 | 2,202 | _ | 2 | 8 | 17 | 28 |
| Utah | 70 | 111 | 162 | 1,635 | 1,908 | _ | 1 | 4 | 13 | 4 |
| Wyoming [†] | — | 36 | 69 | 486 | 579 | — | 0 | 2 | 5 | 9 |
| Pacific | 2,012 | 3,443 | 5,291 | 44,550 | 56,906 | 2 | 13 | 27 | 116 | 115 |
| Alaska | | 100 | 132 | 1,459 | 1,614 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| California Hawaii | 1,689 | 2,592 119 | 4,383 147 | 35,958 1,399 | 43,581 1,753 | 2 | 7 0 | 18 1 | 69 | 61 |
| Oregon | _ | 189 | 468 | 1,367 | 3,149 | _ | 3 | 10 | 28 | 44 |
| Washington | 323 | 377 | 501 | 4,367 | 6,809 | _ | 1 | 13 | 18 | 9 |
| American Samoa | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | Ν | 0 | 0 | Ν | Ν |
| C.N.M.I. | — | — | — | _ | — | _ | — | _ | _ | _ |
| Guam Duarta Rica | 125 | 1 | 27 | 51 | 2 171 | N | 0 | 0 | | |
| Puerto Rico | 135 | 124 | 331 | 1,861 | 2,171 | Ν | 0 | 0 | Ν | N |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | — | 10 | 21 | 52 | 128 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. Data for HIV/AIDS, AIDS, and TB, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly. † Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

| | | | | | Dengue V | /irus Infection | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|-------------|--------------------|----------|
| | | | Dengue Feve | er | | | Dengue l | Hemorrhagic | Fever [†] | |
| | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | _ | 0 | 5 | 19 | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| New England | — | 0 | 1 | 2 | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Connecticut Maine [§] | _ | 0 0 | 0 1 | 2 | NN NN | — | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN |
| Massachusetts | _ | 0 | 0 | | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| New Hampshire | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | Ő | 0 | _ | NN |
| Rhode Island [§] | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Vermont [§] | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Mid. Atlantic | — | 0 | 3 | 12 | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| New Jersey | — | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| New York (Upstate) New York City | _ | 0 0 | 0 2 | 8 | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | | NN NN |
| Pennsylvania | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| E.N. Central | | 0 | 1 | 1 | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | | NN |
| Illinois | _ | Ő | 0 | | NN | _ | õ | õ | _ | NN |
| Indiana | _ | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Michigan | — | 0 | 0 | 1 | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Ohio Wisconsin | _ | 0 0 | 1 0 | 1 | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| W.N. Central Iowa | _ | 0 0 | 0 | | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 | _ | NN NN |
| Kansas | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | Ö | 0 | _ | NN |
| Minnesota | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Missouri | _ | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Nebraska [§] North Dakota | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN |
| South Dakota | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| S. Atlantic | | 0 | 1 | 1 | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | | NN |
| Delaware | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| District of Columbia | _ | 0 | 0 | — | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Florida | — | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Georgia Maryland [§] | _ | 0 0 | 1 0 | 1 | NN NN | | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN |
| North Carolina | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| South Carolina [§] | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Virginia [§] | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | — | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| West Virginia | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | — | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| E.S. Central | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Alabama [§] Kentucky | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN |
| Mississippi | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Tennessee§ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| W.S. Central | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Arkansas [§] | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Louisiana | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Oklahoma Texas [§] | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | | NN NN |
| | | | | | NN | | 0 | 0 | | NN |
| Mountain Arizona | _ | 0 0 | 1 0 | 1 | NN | | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Colorado | _ | õ | õ | _ | NN | _ | õ | Ő | _ | NN |
| ldaho [§] | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Montana [§] | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Nevada [§] New Mexico [§] | _ | 0 0 | 0 1 | 1 | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN |
| Utah | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Wyoming§ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Pacific | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Alaska | — | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| California | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| Hawaii Oregon | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | NN NN |
| Washington | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| American Samoa | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| C.N.M.I. | _ | _ | _ | _ | NN | _ | _ | _ | _ | NN |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | NN |
| Puerto Rico | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | _ | 0 | 0 | — | NN | — | 0 | 0 | — | NN |

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † DHF includes cases that meet criteria for dengue shock syndrome (DSS), a more severe form of DHF. § Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

| | | | | | | | Ehrlichio | sis/Anapla | smosis† | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|--------------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|------------|-----------|------|------|
| | | Ehrli | chia chaffee | ensis | | | Anaplasma | n phagocyte | ophilum | | | Unde | etermined | | |
| | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous 5 | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | 1 | 11 | 57 | 28 | 51 | 1 | 13 | 66 | 9 | 27 | _ | 2 | 13 | 3 | 5 |
| New England | — | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | — | 2 | 21 | 4 | 12 | _ | 0 | 2 | — | — |
| Connecticut Maine [§] | _ | 0 0 | 0 1 | 1 | _ | _ | 0 0 | 11 3 | 2 | _ | _ | 0 0 | 1 0 | _ | _ |
| Massachusetts | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | — | 0 | 0 | _ | — |
| New Hampshire Rhode Island [§] | _ | 0 | 1 4 | _ | 3 | _ | 0 0 | 3 20 | 2 | 1 11 | _ | 0 0 | 1 | — | — |
| Vermont [§] | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | | _ | 0 | 20 | | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Mid. Atlantic | 1 | 1 | 15 | 8 | 9 | _ | 3 | 23 | 1 | 3 | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | _ |
| New Jersey | _ | 0 | 0 | | 1 | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | — | 0 | 0 | _ | — |
| New York (Upstate) New York City | 1 | 1 0 | 15 3 | 4 3 | 3 4 | _ | 3 0 | 22 1 | 1 | 2 1 | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 1 | _ |
| Pennsylvania | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| E.N. Central | _ | 1 | 8 | _ | 4 | _ | 3 | 22 | 1 | 5 | _ | 1 | 9 | _ | 1 |
| Illinois | — | 0 | 4 | — | — | — | 0 | 1 | — | — | — | 0 | 1 | — | — |
| Indiana Michigan | _ | 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 8 0 | _ | _ |
| Ohio | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| Wisconsin | _ | 0 | 5 | _ | 2 | _ | 3 | 22 | 1 | 5 | — | 0 | 3 | — | 1 |
| W.N. Central | — | 2 | 23 | 1 | 3 | _ | 0 | 44 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 5 | 1 | — |
| lowa Kansas | _ | 0 | 0 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ |
| Minnesota | _ | 0 | 3 | _ | 2 | _ | 0 | 44 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 5 | _ | _ |
| Missouri | — | 1 | 22 | 1 | 1 | — | 0 | 2 | — | — | — | 0 | 4 | 1 | — |
| Nebraska [§] North Dakota | _ | 0 0 | 1 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 | — | — |
| South Dakota | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| S. Atlantic | _ | 4 | 19 | 16 | 26 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 6 | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | _ |
| Delaware | | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| District of Columbia | _ | 0 | 0 | | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | — | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Florida Georgia | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 1 3 | 2 6 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | 0 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Maryland [§] | | 1 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 1 | Ő | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | Ő | 1 | _ | _ |
| North Carolina | — | 0 | 4 | 7 | 9 | — | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | — | 0 | 0 | — | — |
| South Carolina [§] Virginia [§] | _ | 0 1 | 1 13 | _ | 1 1 | _ | 0 0 | 0 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 2 | 1 | _ |
| West Virginia | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | Ő | 0 | _ | _ | _ | Ő | 0 | _ | _ |
| E.S. Central | _ | 1 | 11 | 1 | 3 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 5 | _ | 4 |
| Alabama§ | — | 0 | 3 | — | — | — | 0 | 1 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — |
| Kentucky Mississippi | _ | 0 | 2 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 0 | _ | _ |
| Tennessee [§] | _ | 1 | 10 | 1 | 3 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 5 | _ | 4 |
| W.S. Central | _ | 0 | 9 | 1 | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Arkansas [§] | _ | 0 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Louisiana Oklahoma | _ | 0 | 0 8 | _ | | _ | 0 0 | 0 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ |
| Texas [§] | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Mountain | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| Arizona | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 1 | — | — |
| Colorado Idaho [§] | _ | 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Montana [§] | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Nevada [§] | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | — | _ | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | _ | — |
| New Mexico [§] Utah | _ | 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Pacific | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | 2 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Alaska | — | 0 | 0 | — | _ | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | _ | 0 | 0 | — | — |
| California Hawaii | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | 2 | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | | |
| Oregon | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Washington | _ | 0 | Ő | _ | — | _ | Ő | Ő | _ | — | _ | Ő | 0 | _ | — |
| American Samoa | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | _ | 0 | 0 | — | — |
| C.N.M.I. | — | | | — | — | — | _ | | — | — | — | _ | _ | — | — |
| Guam Puerto Rico | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | | | ~ | | | | | | ~ | | |

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional.

⁺ Cumulative total *E. ewingii* cases reported as of this week = 0. [§] Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

| | | | Giardiasis | ; | | | | Gonorrhe | a | | Н | <i>aemophilus i</i> All ages | <i>nfluenzae</i> , , all seroty | | |
|--|---------|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|---------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous 5 | 2 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous 5 | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | 149 | 328 | 607 | 4,006 | 4,470 | 2,424 | 5,490 | 6,907 | 58,128 | 87,061 | 38 | 55 | 145 | 807 | 1,043 |
| New England Connecticut | 5 | 27 6 | 66 15 | 184 51 | 373 73 | 31 | 90 45 | 188 122 | 956 245 | 1,423 613 | _ | 3 0 | 19 13 | 14 4 | 52 10 |
| Maine [§] | 3 | 4 | 13 | 54 | 58 | _ | 45 | 122 | 245 61 | 48 | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 8 |
| Massachusetts | _ | 11 | 36 | _ | 156 | 28 | 37 | 81 | 524 | 618 | _ | 1 | 8 | | 27 |
| New Hampshire Rhode Island [§] | _ | 3 1 | 12 6 | 26 10 | 29 16 | 3 | 2 6 | 6 19 | 36 81 | 32 97 | _ | 0 | 2 2 | 5 3 | 4 1 |
| Vermont [§] | 2 | 4 | 14 | 43 | 41 | _ | 1 | 5 | 9 | 15 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 28 | 59 | 103 | 634 | 858 | 552 | 622 | 915 | 9,209 | 9,066 | 10 | 12 | 27 | 195 | 169 |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | — 13 | 0 24 | 10 81 | 280 | 129 299 | 73 130 | 91 97 | 134 397 | 1,212 1,447 | 1,462 1,575 | 7 | 2 3 | 7 19 | 20 56 | 23 42 |
| New York City | 8 | 15 | 28 | 178 | 299 | 230 | 217 | 417 | 3,618 | 3,231 | _ | 2 | 19 | 38 | 29 |
| Pennsylvania | 7 | 14 | 37 | 176 | 188 | 119 | 197 | 275 | 2,932 | 2,798 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 81 | 75 |
| E.N. Central | 17 | 43 | 75 | 576 | 672 | 162 | 1,065 | 1,438 | 7,716 | 18,492 | 3 | 9 | 29 | 109 | 252 |
| Illinois Indiana | N | 11 0 | 21 7 | 113 N | 146 N | 15 | 315 105 | 417 209 | 48 946 | 5,497 2,200 | _ | 3 1 | 11 5 | 30 19 | 48 27 |
| Michigan | 4 | 13 | 25 | 178 | 178 | 105 | 250 | 503 | 4,014 | 4,775 | _ | 0 | 4 | 10 | 9 |
| Ohio | 13 | 16 | 28 | 236 | 221 | 42 | 289 | 362 | 2,135 | 4,492 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 37 | 34 |
| Wisconsin | — 13 | 7 25 | 17 156 | 49 351 | 127 382 | 112 | 88 272 | 146 361 | 573 3,423 | 1,528 | 7 | 2 | 21 21 | 13 55 | 134 54 |
| W.N. Central Iowa | 13 | 23 6 | 156 | 64 | 582 69 | 6 | 30 | 46 | 3,423 367 | 4,436 491 | | 2 | 21 | | 54 |
| Kansas | _ | 3 | 14 | 56 | 41 | _ | 40 | 85 | 415 | 755 | 1 | Ő | 2 | 7 | 9 |
| Minnesota | | 0 9 | 135 27 | 61 93 | 73 | | 42 | 64 172 | 472 | 680 | 4 | 0 | 17 | 16 | 11 |
| Missouri Nebraska [§] | 2 | 9 4 | 27 | 93 65 | 134 40 | 93 13 | 123 23 | 54 | 1,834 311 | 1,969 409 | 2 | 0 | 6 3 | 24 3 | 21 10 |
| North Dakota | 3 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 3 | _ | 2 | 14 | 24 | 21 | — | 0 | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| South Dakota | | 0 | 5 | 6 | 22 | | 0 | 14 | | 111 | | 0 | 0 | | |
| S. Atlantic Delaware | 47 | 73 1 | 107 3 | 1,037 9 | 1,033 8 | 738 27 | 1,361 18 | 1,798 37 | 12,914 288 | 21,287 227 | 12 | 13 0 | 31 1 | 199 2 | 268 1 |
| District of Columbia | _ | 0 | 2 | 6 | 13 | 44 | 45 | 88 | 544 | 846 | _ | 0 | 1 | | 1 |
| Florida | 23 | 37 | 59 | 490 | 538 | 171 | 396 | 476 | 5,289 | 6,194 | 9 | 4 | 10 | 64 | 90 |
| Georgia Maryland [§] | 13 7 | 11 5 | 67 12 | 280 83 | 243 74 | 118 | 204 125 | 494 241 | 330 1,596 | 4,122 1,678 | 1 | 3 1 | 9 6 | 52 11 | 61 32 |
| North Carolina | Ν | 0 | 0 | Ν | Ν | _ | 243 | 386 | _ | 4,114 | — | 0 | 17 | 17 | 20 |
| South Carolina [§] Virginia [§] | 4 | 2 9 | 7 36 | 28 131 | 32 112 | 195 175 | 161 159 | 412 272 | 2,339 2,392 | 2,073 1,863 | _ | 1 | 7 5 | 27 20 | 23 28 |
| West Virginia | - | 1 | 5 | 10 | 13 | 8 | 8 | 18 | 136 | 1,803 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 20 6 | 12 |
| E.S. Central | 2 | 6 | 22 | 67 | 109 | 212 | 470 | 649 | 5,945 | 7,822 | _ | 3 | 12 | 46 | 59 |
| Alabama§ | | 4 | 13 | 33 | 54 | 1 | 131 | 187 | 1,583 | 2,212 | — | 0 | 4 | 5 | 16 |
| Kentucky Mississippi | N N | 0 | 0 0 | N N | N N | 87 | 73 137 | 156 198 | 1,106 1,356 | 991 2,198 | _ | 0 | 5 2 | 4 4 | 6 3 |
| Tennessee [§] | 2 | 3 | 18 | 34 | 55 | 124 | 147 | 206 | 1,900 | 2,421 | _ | 2 | 10 | 33 | 34 |
| W.S. Central | 4 | 7 | 19 | 95 | 93 | 139 | 876 | 1,553 | 8,328 | 13,613 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 46 | 43 |
| Arkansas [§] Louisiana | 2 1 | 3 1 | 9 7 | 32 35 | 32 43 | 85 | 86 151 | 139 343 | 1,168 910 | 1,348 2,994 | 1 | 0 0 | 3 2 | 7 9 | 8 8 |
| Oklahoma | 1 | 3 | 10 | 28 | 18 | 54 | 64 | 613 | 1,201 | 2,994 744 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 27 | 25 |
| Texas [§] | Ν | 0 | 0 | N | Ν | _ | 561 | 951 | 5,049 | 8,527 | — | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Mountain | 12 | 29 | 64 | 406 | 343 | 123 | 162 | 256 | 1,878 | 2,546 | 3 | 5 | 14 | 111 | 96 |
| Arizona Colorado | 8 | 4 10 | 7 26 | 42 199 | 53 102 | 54 | 58 40 | 108 | 483 622 | 763 772 | 2 | 2 | 10 6 | 43 28 | 31 27 |
| Idaho [§] | 3 | 4 | 10 | 55 | 35 | _ | 2 | 8 | 22 | 32 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
| Montana [§] | 1 | 2 | 11 | 32 | 28 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 36 | 27 | — | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 |
| Nevada [§] New Mexico [§] | _ | 2 1 | 11 8 | 15 16 | 16 29 | 43 19 | 26 20 | 94 36 | 446 194 | 555 285 | _ | 0 1 | 2 5 | 4 15 | 9 14 |
| Utah | _ | 5 | 13 | 33 | 63 | 6 | 6 | 13 | 67 | 97 | _ | 1 | 4 | 11 | 12 |
| Wyoming§ | _ | 1 | 5 | 14 | 17 | _ | 1 | 7 | 8 | 15 | _ | 0 | 2 | 5 | _ |
| Pacific Alaska | 21 | 53 2 | 163 7 | 656 26 | 607 19 | 355 | 527 21 | 636 36 | 7,759 358 | 8,376 255 | 1 | 2 0 | 9 3 | 32 8 | 50 3 |
| California | 16 | 33 | 60 | 413 | 441 | 313 | 437 | 542 | 358 6,576 | 6,826 | _ | 0 | 3 4 | 8 | 3 12 |
| Hawaii | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 6 | _ | 12 | 24 | 175 | 183 | _ | 0 | 3 | | 16 |
| Oregon Washington | 5 | 9 8 | 17 106 | 135 82 | 93 48 | 42 | 17 39 | 43 64 | 106 544 | 348 764 | 1 | 1 0 | 4 4 | 22 2 | 16 3 |
| American Samoa | _ | 0 | 0 | | | 42 | 0 | 04 | | /04 | _ | 0 | 4 | | |
| C.N.M.I. | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | 0 | 3 | 4 | | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 45 | 7 | 4 2 | 24 7 | 74 | 57 | N | 0 | 1 | 1 N | N |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 2 | / | 8 | 38 | N | 0 | 0 | N | N |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

Cryster Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
 U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.
 * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional.
 * Data for *H. influenzae* (age <5 yrs for serotype b, nonserotype b, and unknown serotype) are available in Table I.
 * Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

| | | | | | | | Hepatitis (| viral, acute |), by type | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-------------|--------------|------------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|
| | | | А | | | | | В | | | | | С | | |
| | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | 10 | 35 | 61 | 342 | 560 | 24 | 56 | 187 | 674 | 1,079 | 7 | 16 | 43 | 185 | 258 |
| New England Connecticut | _ | 2 0 | 5 2 | 13 8 | 34 7 | 1 | 1 0 | 4 3 | 11 3 | 16 4 | _ | 1 1 | 5 4 | 6 6 | 17 13 |
| Maine [†] | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 3 | — | 0 | 1 | — | _ |
| Massachusetts New Hampshire | _ | 1 | 4 | _ | 19 3 | _ | 0 0 | 2 2 | 2 | 8 1 | _ | 0 | 1 0 | _ | 3 |
| Rhode Island [†] | — | 0 | 4 | 4 | 3 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | — | 0 | 0 | — | _ |
| Vermont [†] Mid. Atlantic | 1 | 0 4 | 1 10 | 50 | 1 75 | 3 | 0 5 | 1 16 | 1 66 | 121 | 1 | 0 2 | 0 7 | 19 | 1 27 |
| New Jersey | _ | 0 | 5 | 3 | 19 | _ | 1 | 5 | 9 | 35 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 2 |
| New York (Upstate) New York City | 1 | 1 2 | 3 5 | 15 19 | 14 19 | _ | 1 | 5 5 | 13 24 | 18 25 | 1 | 1 0 | 4 0 | 12 | 10 |
| Pennsylvania | _ | 1 | 6 | 13 | 23 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 20 | 43 | — | Ő | 4 | 7 | 15 |
| E.N. Central Illinois | 1 | 4 2 | 19 13 | 43 10 | 89 33 | 2 | 7 1 | 15 7 | 96 16 | 165 34 | _ | 4 0 | 12 1 | 34 | 59 3 |
| Indiana | _ | 2 | 4 | 2 | 7 | _ | 1 | 5 | 15 | 24 | _ | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| Michigan Ohio | 1 | 1 0 | 4 4 | 16 10 | 25 17 | 1 1 | 2 | 6 4 | 33 32 | 43 45 | _ | 3 0 | 8 3 | 28 2 | 39 13 |
| Wisconsin | _ | 0 | 2 | 5 | 7 | _ | 0 | 3 | | 19 | _ | 0 | 2 | | 2 |
| W.N. Central | — | 2 | 7 | 13 | 27 | — | 2 | 14 | 45 | 38 | — | 0 | 10 | 8 | 5 |
| lowa Kansas | _ | 0 0 | 3 2 | 4 4 | 6 2 | _ | 0 0 | 3 2 | 6 2 | 10 2 | _ | 0 0 | 4 0 | _ | 3 1 |
| Minnesota Missouri | — | 0 0 | 7 2 | 1 3 | 6 6 | — | 0 1 | 13 5 | 2 27 | 6 11 | _ | 0 | 9 2 | 3 4 | _ |
| Nebraska [†] | _ | 0 | 3 | 1 | 6 | _ | 0 | 2 | 8 | 8 | _ | 0 | 1 | - | 1 |
| North Dakota South Dakota | _ | 0 | 1 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 0 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | - 1 | _ |
| S. Atlantic | 2 | 8 | 13 | 78 | 137 | 8 | 15 | 35 | 188 | 337 | 4 | 3 | 12 | 44 | 56 |
| Delaware District of Columbia | — U | 0 | 1 0 | 3 U | 1 U | U U | 1 0 | 2 0 | U U | U U | U U | 0 | 0 0 | U U | U U |
| Florida | 2 | 0 3 | 9 | 31 | 69 | 5 | 5 | 13 | 77 | 100 | 3 | 0 1 | 4 | 17 | 7 |
| Georgia Maryland† | _ | 1 0 | 4 3 | 10 3 | 20 14 | _ | 3 1 | 7 6 | 44 20 | 56 40 | _ | 0 | 2 3 | 2 7 | 12 14 |
| North Carolina | _ | 0 | 7 | 8 | 12 | _ | 0 | 12 | 2 | 90 | _ | 0 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| South Carolina [†] Virginia [†] | _ | 1 | 4 3 | 14 8 | 12 9 | 3 | 1 2 | 4 13 | 9 28 | 6 21 | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 4 | 5 |
| West Virginia | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | _ | _ | 0 | 19 | 8 | 15 | 1 | Ő | 3 | 5 | 10 |
| E.S. Central | — | 1 0 | 3 | 11 | 12 | 2 | 6 1 | 13 5 | 78 | 114 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 28 | 39 5 |
| Alabama [†] Kentucky | _ | 0 | 2 2 | 3 5 | 1 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 6 | 19 27 | 32 25 | _ | 1 | 2 5 | 1 22 | 21 |
| Mississippi Tennessee [†] | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 3 | 6 4 | 1 | 0 2 | 3 6 | 5 27 | 7 50 | 1 | 0 | 0 3 | 5 | — 13 |
| W.S. Central | 4 | 3 | 18 | 40 | 52 | 4 | 9 | 92 | 80 | 156 | _ | 1 | 6 | 14 | 14 |
| Arkansas [†] | — | 0 | 2 | _ | 4 | _ | 1 | 4 | 3 | 16 | — | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 |
| Louisiana Oklahoma | _ | 0 0 | 1 3 | 3 | 2 1 | 1 | 0 2 | 3 8 | 13 13 | 18 31 | _ | 0 0 | 1 4 | 1 6 | 3 1 |
| Texas [†] | 4 | 3 | 18 | 37 | 45 | 3 | 6 | 86 | 51 | 91 | _ | 0 | 4 | 7 | 9 |
| Mountain Arizona | _ | 3 1 | 8 5 | 39 23 | 40 15 | _ | 2 0 | 6 3 | 25 8 | 48 21 | 1 | 1 0 | 4 0 | 12 | 20 |
| Colorado | — | 1 | 5 | б | 10 | — | 0 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 12 |
| ldaho [†] Montana [†] | _ | 0 0 | 1 1 | 2 2 | 2 | _ | 0 0 | 2 1 | 2 | 1 | _ | 0 0 | 2 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Nevada [†] | — | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | — | 0 | 3 | 10 | 7 | — | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| New Mexico [†] Utah | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 2 | 4 3 | _ | 0 0 | 1 1 | 2 2 | 4 4 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 3 2 | 4 2 |
| Wyoming [†] | _ | 0 | 1 | | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | | _ | — | 0 | 0 | | _ |
| Pacific Alaska | 2 | 5 0 | 16 0 | 55 | 94 3 | 4 | 6 0 | 29 1 | 85 1 | 84 | _ | 1 0 | 7 2 | 20 | 21 |
| California | 2 | 4 | 15 | 47 | 71 | 3 | 4 | 17 | 61 | 63 | — | 1 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| Hawaii Oregon | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 4 | 5 5 | 1 | 0 1 | 1 4 | 14 | 2 11 | _ | 0 0 | 0 3 | 9 | 6 |
| Washington | — | 0 | 4 | 4 | 10 | _ | 0 | 12 | 9 | 8 | — | 0 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| American Samoa C.N.M.I. | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 6 | 7 | _ | _ | 1 | 6 | 20 | _ | _ | 1 | 4 | 12 | _ |
| Puerto Rico U.S. Virgin Islands | _ | 0 0 | 2 0 | 2 | 11 | — | 0 0 | 5 0 | 4 | 8 | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ |
| o.s. virgin islands | | U | U | — | | | U | U | _ | _ | _ | U | U | | |

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

Lyme disease

Malaria

| | | L | egionellos | IS | | | Ly | /me disease | 5 | | | N | lalaria | | |
|--|---------|----------|------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | s 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | 16 | 57 | 167 | 450 | 480 | 88 | 445 | 2,433 | 2,052 | 3,265 | 9 | 22 | 77 | 268 | 275 |
| New England | _ | 2 | 18 | 8 | 23 | 4 | 137 | 851 | 160 | 1,031 | _ | 1 | 4 | 1 | 10 |
| Connecticut | — | 0 | 5 | 3 | 5 | _ | 48 | 295 | _ | 480 | _ | 0 | 3 | _ | _ |
| Maine [†] | — | 0 | 3 | _ | | 4 | 12 | 76 | 63 | 32 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| Massachusetts New Hampshire | _ | 1 0 | 9 2 | 1 | 16 | _ | 42 18 | 397 93 | 74 | 366 128 | _ | 0 | 3 1 | 1 | 8 |
| Rhode Island [†] | _ | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | _ | 10 | 29 | 4 | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 |
| Vermont [†] | _ | Ő | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | 5 | 42 | 19 | 23 | _ | Ő | 1 | _ | 1 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 2 | 16 | 72 | 98 | 121 | 52 | 209 | 1,143 | 1,249 | 1,347 | 2 | 7 | 13 | 70 | 57 |
| New Jersey | _ | 1 | 13 | _ | 20 | _ | 39 | 389 | 253 | 442 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| New York (Upstate) | 1 | 5 | 29 | 33 | 39 | 32 | 52 | 430 | 280 | 325 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 19 | 15 |
| New York City Pennsylvania | 1 | 3 6 | 19 25 | 24 41 | 12 50 | 20 | 5 107 | 32 652 | 2 714 | 54 526 | _ | 4 1 | 12 4 | 37 14 | 35 7 |
| | 5 | 10 | 39 | 83 | 101 | 20 | 24 | 223 | 54 | 150 | _ | 2 | 4 11 | 21 | 38 |
| E.N. Central Illinois | 5 | 10 | 39 10 | 65 7 | 11 | _ | 24 | 11 | 54 | 2 | _ | 2 | 5 | 21 | 50 15 |
| Indiana | _ | 1 | 5 | 6 | 14 | _ | 1 | 7 | 7 | 6 | _ | 0 | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| Michigan | 1 | 3 | 13 | 18 | 17 | _ | 1 | 9 | 1 | 1 | _ | Ő | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Ohio | 4 | 5 | 17 | 50 | 44 | _ | 1 | 5 | 5 | 3 | — | 0 | 6 | 9 | 10 |
| Wisconsin | _ | 1 | 5 | 2 | 15 | — | 20 | 205 | 41 | 138 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 2 |
| W.N. Central | 1 | 2 | 14 | 15 | 14 | — | 4 | 251 | 9 | 37 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 17 | 10 |
| lowa | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 6 | — | 0 | 14 | | 6 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Kansas Minnesota | _ | 0 | 1 13 | 1 4 | 3 | _ | 0 0 | 2 251 | 1 6 | 4 25 | _ | 0 | 1 8 | 3 3 | 1 1 |
| Missouri | _ | 1 | 5 | 6 | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Nebraska [†] | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | _ | 0 | 3 | 1 | _ | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | _ |
| North Dakota | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | — | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| South Dakota | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 |
| S. Atlantic | 7 | 11 | 22 | 103 | 105 | 25 | 68 | 254 | 497 | 647 | 3 | 6 | 16 | 79 | 108 |
| Delaware District of Columnia | _ | 0 | 5 | 3 | | 4 | 13 | 65 | 135 | 132 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| District of Columbia Florida | 5 | 0 4 | 2 10 | 1 46 | 2 43 | 1 | 0 2 | 5 11 | 1 20 | 2 7 | 1 | 0 2 | 1 7 | 3 40 | 5 29 |
| Georgia | _ | 1 | 4 | 13 | 18 | _ | 0 | 5 | 20 | 14 | _ | 1 | 5 | 2 | 19 |
| Maryland [†] | 2 | 3 | 12 | 23 | 21 | 12 | 29 | 135 | 211 | 363 | 2 | 1 | 13 | 15 | 29 |
| North Carolina | — | 0 | 5 | 1 | 14 | — | 0 | 14 | 12 | 15 | — | 0 | 3 | 5 | 14 |
| South Carolina [†] Virginia [†] | _ | 0 1 | 2 | 1 14 | 1 6 | 8 | 1 | 3 79 | 7 98 | 5 92 | _ | 0 | 1 5 | 1 12 | 1 9 |
| West Virginia | _ | 0 | 6 2 | 14 | 0 | o | 11 0 | 33 | 90 11 | 92 17 | _ | 0 | 2 | 12 | 9 |
| E.S. Central | _ | 2 | 12 | 21 | 20 | _ | 1 | 4 | 7 | 5 | _ | 0 | 3 | 4 | 10 |
| Alabama [†] | _ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Kentucky | _ | 1 | 3 | 6 | 9 | _ | Ő | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | Ő | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Mississippi | — | 0 | 2 | 2 | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | — | 0 | 1 | _ | — |
| Tennessee [†] | — | 1 | 9 | 10 | 8 | _ | 1 | 4 | 6 | 4 | — | 0 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| W.S. Central | — | 2 | 9 | 14 | 22 | _ | 4 | 43 | 5 | 11 | — | 1 | 30 | 36 | 7 |
| Arkansas [†] Louisiana | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 1 1 | 1 | _ | 0 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Oklahoma | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | _ |
| Texas [†] | _ | 1 | 9 | 12 | 19 | _ | 4 | 43 | 5 | 11 | _ | 1 | 30 | 33 | 6 |
| Mountain | _ | 3 | 8 | 26 | 28 | _ | 1 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 11 | 4 |
| Arizona | _ | 1 | 4 | 11 | 8 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| Colorado | — | 0 | 4 | 2 | 3 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Idaho [†] | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 1 | 1 4 | _ | 0 0 | 3 1 | 1 | 2 1 | _ | 0 | 1 3 | _ | — |
| Montana [†] Nevada [†] | _ | 0 | 2 | 8 | 5 | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | _ | 0 | 5 1 | 2 | _ |
| New Mexico [†] | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | Ő | 0 | _ | _ |
| Utah | _ | 0 | 4 | 3 | 6 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Wyoming [†] | — | 0 | 2 | — | 1 | — | 0 | 1 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — |
| Pacific | 1 | 4 | 20 | 82 | 46 | 7 | 4 | 10 | 67 | 30 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 29 | 31 |
| Alaska | | 0 | 0 | | 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| California Hawaii | 1 | 3 0 | 19 0 | 74 | 38 1 | 5 N | 2 0 | 9 0 | 44 N | 20 N | 1 | 2 0 | 13 0 | 20 | 21 1 |
| Oregon | _ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | N 2 | 0 | 0 4 | N 22 | N 8 | _ | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 |
| Washington | _ | 0 | 5 | 7 | 3 | | 0 | 3 | | _ | _ | 0 | 6 | 6 | 3 |
| American Samoa | Ν | 0 | 0 | N | N | Ν | 0 | 0 | N | Ν | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| C.N.M.I. | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Guam | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — |
| Puerto Rico | — | 0 | 1 | — | — | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | — | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | | 0 | 0 | | | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | | 0 | 0 | | |

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

Legionellosis

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

U.S. Virgin Islands

U: Uravailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.
 * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional.

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[†] Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

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TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

| | l | Meningoco | occal diseas All groups | | т | | | Pertussis | | | | Rabi | es, animal | | |
|--|---------|-----------|----------------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|---------|----------|------------|----------|----------|
| | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | 9 | 16 | 40 | 238 | 334 | 49 | 269 | 1,533 | 2,275 | 3,667 | 24 | 60 | 139 | 583 | 1,004 |
| New England Connecticut | _ | 0 0 | 2 2 | 2 | 14 2 | _ | 10 1 | 25 4 | 12 | 181 7 | 1 | 6 1 | 24 22 | 61 24 | 85 35 |
| Maine [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 1 | 10 | 4 | 28 | _ | 1 | 4 | 18 | 14 |
| Massachusetts | — | 0 | 1 1 | _ | 8 | _ | 4 1 | 17 7 | 2 | 118 | — | 0 | 0 3 | 3 | |
| New Hampshire Rhode Island [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 1 | _ | 0 | 8 | 2 4 | 17 5 | _ | 0 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Vermont [§] | — | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | — | 0 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 15 | 18 |
| Mid. Atlantic New Jersey | — | 2 0 | 6 2 | 24 7 | 32 3 | 11 | 20 2 | 40 8 | 165 18 | 297 72 | 4 | 11 0 | 23 0 | 163 | 186 |
| New York (Upstate) | _ | 0 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 27 | 73 | 51 | 4 | 8 | 22 | 120 | 88 |
| New York City | — | 0 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 11 | 3 | 25 | — | 0 | 11 | 43 | 2 |
| Pennsylvania | 2 | 1 2 | 3 7 | 8 32 | 17 70 | 2 20 | 9 53 | 29 100 | 71 593 | 149 783 | 3 | 0 2 | 10 19 | 9 | 96 12 |
| E.N. Central Illinois | | 0 | 4 | 7 | 16 | | 11 | 29 | 72 | 195 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 3 |
| Indiana | _ | 0 | 3 | 7 | 13 | | 6 | 15 | 29 | 98 | — | 0 | 7 | _ | 3 |
| Michigan Ohio | 2 | 0 1 | 5 2 | 4 11 | 11 18 | 2 18 | 16 20 | 41 49 | 187 300 | 166 282 | 1 | 1 0 | 6 5 | 3 3 | 6 |
| Wisconsin | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 12 | _ | 1 | 12 | 5 | 42 | Ν | 0 | 0 | N | Ν |
| W.N. Central | — | 1 | 6 | 16 | 24 | 4 | 27 | 599 | 175 | 736 | 9 | 6 | 18 | 54 | 85 |
| lowa Kansas | _ | 0 | 2 2 | 3 1 | 1 6 | _ | 3 4 | 10 12 | 24 34 | 47 66 | 1 | 0 | 3 4 | 20 | 7 34 |
| Minnesota | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | _ | 0 | 585 | _ | 164 | — | 0 | 11 | 9 | 7 |
| Missouri Nebraska [§] | _ | 0 0 | 3 1 | 8 2 | 8 3 | 4 | 13 2 | 35 9 | 91 23 | 392 59 | 3 2 | 1 1 | 5 6 | 7 15 | 6 19 |
| North Dakota | _ | 0 | 1 | | | - | 0 | 12 | | 2 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
| South Dakota | — | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 | — | 0 | 6 | 3 | 6 | — | 0 | 4 | — | 9 |
| S. Atlantic | 3 | 3 0 | 10 1 | 55 1 | 59 | 5 | 26 0 | 66 2 | 239 | 475 | 4 | 22 0 | 103 0 | 229 | 491 |
| Delaware District of Columbia | _ | 0 | 0 | | 1 | _ | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Florida | 2 | 1 | 5 | 28 | 27 | 2 | 6 | 29 | 52 | 121 | — | 0 | 20 | 41 | 156 |
| Georgia Maryland [§] | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 4 2 | 8 1 | 1 | 4 3 | 10 8 | 58 37 | 100 33 | 2 | 0 8 | 72 15 | 92 | 88 86 |
| North Carolina | _ | 0 | 10 | 5 | 9 | _ | 0 | 21 | _ | 125 | Ň | 0 | 4 | N | N |
| South Carolina [§] Virginia [§] | 1 | 0 | 1 2 | 4 10 | 5 6 | 2 | 4 | 18 15 | 59 26 | 46 40 | _ | 0 10 | 0 26 | 76 | 136 |
| West Virginia | _ | 0 | 2 | 10 | 2 | | 0 | 6 | 20 6 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 20 | 25 |
| E.S. Central | _ | 0 | 4 | 10 | 14 | 1 | 14 | 30 | 206 | 195 | — | 1 | 4 | 3 | 48 |
| Alabama [§] Kentucky | _ | 0 | 2 2 | 1 4 | 3 2 | _ | 5 3 | 19 15 | 55 73 | 49 82 | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 3 | 20 |
| Mississippi | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | _ | 1 | 6 | 14 | 22 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 20 |
| Tennessee§ | — | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 64 | 42 | — | 0 | 3 | — | 28 |
| W.S. Central Arkansas [§] | 1 | 1 0 | 9 | 31 3 | 29 5 | 1 1 | 68 5 | 711 30 | 551 30 | 422 54 | — | 0 | 13 10 | 10 6 | 15 11 |
| Louisiana | _ | 0 | 2 3 | 5 | 9 | _ | 0 | 8 | 50 8 | 34 | _ | 0 | 0 | | — |
| Oklahoma | | 0 | 7 | 12 | 2 | — | 0 | 32 | 3 | 9 | — | 0 | 13 | 4 | 4 |
| Texas [§] | 1 | 1 | 7 4 | 11 16 | 13 30 | 4 | 61 17 | 681 41 | 510 207 | 325 320 | _ | 0 | 1 8 | 13 | 32 |
| Mountain Arizona | _ | 0 | 2 | 5 | 6 | | 5 | 12 | 70 | 58 | N | 0 | 5 | N | N |
| Colorado | — | 0 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 1 | 4 | 13 | 31 | 77 | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| ldaho [§] Montana [§] | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 1 | 5 3 | 2 | 1 1 | 19 6 | 47 5 | 28 9 | _ | 0 0 | 1 4 | 1 | 10 |
| Nevada [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | _ | 0 | 6 | 1 | 6 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| New Mexico [§] Utah | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 2 1 | 1 1 | _ | 1 3 | 6 11 | 26 26 | 29 105 | - | 0 | 3 2 | 3 | 12 |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 5 | 20 | 8 | _ | 0 | 3 | 9 | 10 |
| Pacific | 3 | 3 | 19 | 52 | 62 | 3 | 21 | 46 | 127 | 258 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 41 | 50 |
| Alaska | | 0 | 2 | | 2 | — | 0 | 4 | 5 | 24 | | 0 | 2 | 8 | 14 |
| California Hawaii | 2 | 2 0 | 12 1 | 40 | 36 1 | _ | 11 0 | 25 3 | 16 | 109 9 | 3 | 3 0 | 11 0 | 29 | 36 |
| Oregon | 1 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 17 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 75 | 61 | — | 0 | 2 | 4 | _ |
| Washington | _ | 0 0 | 6 0 | 4 | 6 | _ | 4 0 | 39 0 | 31 | 55 | N | 0 0 | 0 0 | N | N |
| American Samoa C.N.M.I. | _ | | | _ | _ | _ | | | _ | _ | IN | | | IN | N |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | | _ |
| Puerto Rico | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | 1 | | 1 | 3 | 16 | 13 |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | _ | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | _ | — | N | 0 | 0 | N | N |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional.

⁶ Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. [†] Data for meningococcal disease, invasive caused by serogroups A, C, Y, and W-135; serogroup B; other serogroup; and unknown serogroup are available in Table I. [§] Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

| | | S | almonellos | sis | | Shi | ga toxin-p | roducing E | . coli (STEC) | † | Shigellosis | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|------------|---------------|----------|-------------|-------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum Cum | | Current | Previous | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous 52 weeks | | Cum | Cum | |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | Cum 2009 | |
| United States | 288 | 913 | 1,465 | 6,528 | 9,332 | 29 | 84 | 190 | 475 | 830 | 117 | 279 | 502 | 3,097 | 4,238 | |
| New England | 1 | 30 | 91 | 154 | 821 | _ | 3 | 30 | 15 | 94 | _ | 4 | 27 | 20 | 93 | |
| Connecticut | — | 0 | 80 | 80 | 429 | — | 0 | 6 | 6 | 67 | — | 0 | 12 | 12 | 43 | |
| Maine ^s Massachusetts | _ | 2 19 | 7 47 | 19 | 28 241 | _ | 0 2 | 3 7 | 1 | 14 | _ | 0 2 | 2 27 | 3 | 2 39 | |
| New Hampshire | _ | 3 | 44 | 27 | 82 | _ | 1 | 3 | 7 | 10 | _ | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | |
| Rhode Island [§] | _ | 1 | 12 | 17 | 28 | — | 0 | 26 | — | | — | 0 | 7 | 1 | 5 | |
| Vermont [§] | 1 | 1 | 5 | 11 | 13 | | 0 | 3 | 1 | 3 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | |
| Mid. Atlantic | 47 | 98 | 207 | 787 | 1,040 | 6 | 7 | 22 | 51 | 94 | 14 | 42 | 89 | 447 | 863 | |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | 22 | 16 23 | 47 77 | 63 206 | 199 234 | 1 | 1 3 | 5 12 | 1 20 | 26 25 | 2 | 5 4 | 23 19 | 54 46 | 268 47 | |
| New York City | 4 | 21 | 48 | 213 | 248 | _ | 1 | 4 | 7 | 24 | 3 | 8 | 16 | 77 | 139 | |
| Pennsylvania | 21 | 28 | 66 | 305 | 359 | 5 | 2 | 8 | 23 | 19 | 9 | 25 | 63 | 270 | 409 | |
| E.N. Central | 30 | 91 | 159 | 713 | 1,261 | 5 | 13 | 36 | 59 | 153 | 5 | 33 | 225 | 563 | 958 | |
| Illinois | — | 24 | 52 | 237 | 360 | — | 3 | 6 | 9 | 51 | — | 10 | 221 | 435 | 202 | |
| Indiana Michigan | 4 | 9 16 | 24 34 | 35 153 | 101 251 | 1 | 1 | 9 8 | 2 25 | 19 23 | _ | 1 3 | 5 10 | 1 43 | 27 93 | |
| Ohio | 26 | 24 | 52 | 254 | 320 | 4 | 2 | 11 | 17 | 23 | 5 | 10 | 46 | 72 | 501 | |
| Wisconsin | _ | 10 | 30 | 34 | 229 | _ | 3 | 21 | 6 | 38 | _ | 5 | 22 | 12 | 135 | |
| W.N. Central | 23 | 44 | 86 | 420 | 659 | 4 | 11 | 39 | 71 | 82 | 44 | 37 | 87 | 728 | 137 | |
| lowa | 2 | 6 | 16 | 44 | 93 | — | 2 | 14 | 10 | 21 | — | 0 | 5 | 12 | 33 | |
| Kansas | _ | 6 | 22 | 69 | 75 | _ | 1 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 13 | 54 | 48 | |
| Minnesota Missouri | 4 10 | 11 13 | 31 30 | 112 139 | 150 100 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 17 10 | 20 23 | 23 19 | 42 | 1 29 | 6 75 | 14 643 | 16 30 | |
| Nebraska§ | 5 | 4 | 12 | 41 | 152 | | 1 | 6 | 25 | 11 | | 29 | 3 | 5 | 8 | |
| North Dakota | 2 | 0 | 21 | 8 | 9 | _ | 0 | 3 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 1 | |
| South Dakota | — | 0 | 9 | 7 | 80 | — | 0 | 12 | 1 | 2 | — | 0 | 1 | — | 1 | |
| S. Atlantic | 82 | 282 | 453 | 1,994 | 2,209 | 9 | 12 | 23 | 108 | 150 | 23 | 41 | 78 | 441 | 621 | |
| Delaware District of Columbia | _ | 3 0 | 9 | 18 | 8 | _ | 0 | 2 0 | _ | 3 | _ | 3 0 | 10 | 26 5 | 5 | |
| Florida | 57 | 133 | 3 278 | 12 972 | 17 905 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 50 | 1 41 | 14 | 10 | 2 18 | 171 | 6 127 | |
| Georgia | 9 | 45 | 98 | 294 | 359 | _ | 1 | 4 | 11 | 14 | 4 | 13 | 29 | 151 | 153 | |
| Maryland [§] | 8 | 15 | 32 | 162 | 172 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 20 | 3 | 4 | 17 | 24 | 114 | |
| North Carolina | | 11 | 90 | 223 | 391 | — | 0 | 8 | 4 | 42 | _ | 2 | 27 | 15 | 104 | |
| South Carolina [§] Virginia [§] | 3 4 | 17 20 | 65 68 | 109 159 | 148 170 | 1 | 0 3 | 3 12 | 2 25 | 5 18 | 2 | 2 3 | 6 15 | 23 26 | 52 55 | |
| West Virginia | 1 | 4 | 23 | 45 | 39 | _ | 0 | 5 | 1 | 6 | _ | 0 | 2 | | 5 | |
| E.S. Central | 4 | 52 | 113 | 340 | 514 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 32 | 46 | 2 | 12 | 46 | 112 | 231 | |
| Alabama [§] | _ | 14 | 39 | 111 | 163 | _ | 1 | 4 | 11 | 8 | _ | 2 | 10 | 11 | 58 | |
| Kentucky | 2 | 7 | 18 | 66 | 103 | — | 1 | 4 | 2 | 12 | 2 | 3 | 25 | 47 | 33 | |
| Mississippi Tennessee [§] | 2 | 14 14 | 45 33 | 50 113 | 112 136 | 1 | 0 1 | 1 8 | 3 16 | 4 22 | _ | 1 5 | 4 16 | 7 47 | 9 131 | |
| | 30 | 105 | 497 | 600 | 831 | | 5 | 41 | 26 | 48 | 19 | 49 | 158 | 440 | 728 | |
| W.S. Central Arkansas [§] | 5 | 105 | 25 | 54 | 94 | _ | 1 | 41 | 20 | 40 | | 49 | 158 | 11 | 68 | |
| Louisiana | 3 | 9 | 43 | 139 | 102 | _ | 0 | 1 | 4 | _ | _ | 1 | 7 | 21 | 59 | |
| Oklahoma | 4 | 11 | 30 | 64 | 105 | _ | 0 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 19 | 77 | 37 | |
| Texas [§] | 18 | 59 | 478 | 343 | 530 | _ | 4 | 41 | 16 | 36 | 16 | 35 | 142 | 331 | 564 | |
| Mountain | 15 | 51 | 133 | 506 | 687 | _ | 8 | 26 | 49 | 88 | 3 | 16 | 48 | 140 | 300 | |
| Arizona Colorado | 5 9 | 19 11 | 50 33 | 178 144 | 248 148 | _ | 1 2 | 4 11 | 9 8 | 8 52 | 2 1 | 11 2 | 42 6 | 79 24 | 210 26 | |
| Idaho [§] | 1 | 3 | 10 | 33 | 40 | _ | 1 | 7 | 10 | 7 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 20 | |
| Montana [§] | _ | 2 | 7 | 26 | 35 | _ | 0 | 7 | 8 | 2 | _ | 0 | 4 | 3 | 7 | |
| Nevada [§] | _ | 4 | 13 | 35 | 63 | — | 0 | 4 | 2 | 3 | — | 1 | 7 | 5 | 25 | |
| New Mexico [§] Utah | _ | 5 5 | 26 14 | 50 26 | 59 76 | _ | 1 | 3 11 | 6 6 | 9 6 | _ | 1 0 | 8 4 | 22 4 | 25 7 | |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 1 | 9 | 14 | 18 | _ | Ó | 2 | | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | - | _ | |
| Pacific | 56 | 124 | 370 | 1,014 | 1,310 | 4 | 8 | 84 | 64 | 75 | 7 | 21 | 74 | 206 | 307 | |
| Alaska | _ | 1 | 7 | 21 | 15 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 1 | |
| California | 47 | 93 | 225 | 785 | 1,018 | 4 | 4 | 34 | 42 | 54 | 6 | 16 | 51 | 178 | 246 | |
| Hawaii | 9 | 5 8 | 61 | 105 | 65 105 | _ | 0 | 2 11 | | 3 5 | 1 | 0 1 | 4 4 | 16 | 6 | |
| Oregon Washington | 9 | 8 12 | 19 133 | 105 | 105 | _ | 1 | 48 | 8 14 | 13 | _ | 2 | 4 19 | 16 12 | 18 36 | |
| American Samoa | _ | 1 | 1 | 105 | | _ | 0 | 0 | — | | _ | 0 | 0 | | 3 | |
| C.N.M.I. | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | |
| Puerto Rico | — | 9 | 39 | 55 | 139 | — | 0 | 0 | — | | | 0 | 2 | _ | 3 | |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | |

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. † Includes *E. coli* 0157:H7; Shiga toxin-positive, serogroup non-O157; and Shiga toxin-positive, not serogrouped. § Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

| Reporting area Carment needs Decision S2 meths Med Carment Med Decision S2 meths Med Carment Med Previous S2 meths Med Carment Med Carment Med Carment Med Previous S2 meths Med Carment Med Med Med <th></th> <th colspan="14">Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis (including RMSF)[†]</th> | | Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis (including RMSF) [†] | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|------------|-----------|-----|-----|---------|------------|---------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Bendring area week Med Max 2010 2009 week Med Max 2010 2009 Neuted State - 2 0 1 - 1 - 1 - 72 665 215 Neute State - 0 0 - - 0 0 2 1 1 Marked - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - < | | | | Confirmed | | | | Probable | | | | | | | |
| Bindend and model week Med Max 2010 2009 week Med Max 2010 2009 New Englind - 0 1 - - - 0 2 1 2 New Englind - 0 1 - - 0 0 - 1 Mass Englind - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - 1 Mass Englind - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - | | Current | Previous 5 | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | Previous 5 | 2 weeks | Cum | Cum | | | | |
| New fingulad - 0 1 - - - 0 2 1 2 Mained - 0 0 - - - 0 2 1 1 Mained - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - - 0 0 - - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - 1 - 0 1 - 1 - 0 1 - 1 1 0 1 - 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <th1< th=""></th1<> | Reporting area | | Med | Max | | | | Med | Max | | | | | | |
| Conscription - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 1 1 Massel function - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - 1 </td <td>United States</td> <td>—</td> <td>2</td> <td>10</td> <td>12</td> <td>11</td> <td>—</td> <td>15</td> <td>72</td> <td>65</td> <td>215</td> | United States | — | 2 | 10 | 12 | 11 | — | 15 | 72 | 65 | 215 | | | | |
| Maine ⁶ — 0 0 — — — 0 1 1 Masschuster — 0 0 — — 0 1 — 1 Masschuster — 0 0 — — 0 0 — — 0 0 — — 0 0 — — 0 0 — — 0 0 — — 0 0 — — 0 0 — — 0 0 — … 0 0 … | | — | | | | | — | | | | | | | | |
| Massachusetts — 0 1 — — — — — 1 — — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — 1 — … < | | _ | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| New Hampshife - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 < | | _ | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Vermonit - 1 - - - 1 - 1 - - - 1 - - - 1 - - 1 - - - 1 - 1 - - - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1< | New Hampshire | _ | | | _ | _ | | | - | | | | | | |
| Mid Athanic - 0 3 2 - - 1 6 6 7 New York (Dipate) - 0 1 - - 0 3 1 1 New York (Dipate) - 0 1 - - 0 3 1 1 Penny Wath - 0 2 2 - - 0 3 1 - 1 - 0 3 4 3 4 Penny Wath - 0 1 - 1 - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - 0 1 - - 0 1 - - 0 1 - | | — | | | | | | | | | — | | | | |
| New York (Dytote) - - - - - 0 0 - - - 0 1 1 New York (Dytote) - 0 1 - - 0 3 1 1 New York (Dytote) - 0 2 2 - - 0 4 3 4 New York (Dytote) - 0 1 - - 0 2 - - - 0 1 - 1 0 1 - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1< | | — | | | | — | — | | | | | | | | |
| New York (Lpitale) - 0 1 - - 0 3 1 1 PernsyNamia - 0 2 2 - - 0 2 - 2 Exertral - 0 1 - - 0 2 - 1 - 0 1 - 10 Iffinitions - 0 1 - - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - 0 1 - - 1 1 -< | | _ | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| New York City - 0 1 - - 0 4 5 4 Demensy vanishing - 0 2 - - 0 2 - 1 ENC central - 0 2 - 1 - 0 0 2 - 10 Indiana - 0 1 - - 0 1 - - 10 Obio - 0 0 - - 0 1 - 0 1 - - - - - - - - - - 2 2 30 10 10 - - - - - | | _ | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| EAC central - 0 2 - 1 - 0 7 - 10 Indiana - 0 2 - - 0 2 - - 0 Indiana - 0 1 - 1 - 0 1 - - 0 Michigan - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - - - - - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - | New York City | _ | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Ininois - 0 1 - - - 0 6 - 6 Michigan - 0 1 - 1 - 0 1 - - Michigan - 0 1 - 1 - 0 1 -< | Pennsylvania | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 2 | | | | |
| Indiana - 0 2 - - - 0 2 - - Ohion - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - <th< td=""><td></td><td>—</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>1</td><td>—</td><td></td><td></td><td>—</td><td></td></th<> | | — | | | _ | 1 | — | | | — | | | | | |
| Michigan - 0 1 - 1 - 0 1 - - Wisconsin - 0 0 - - 0 1 - | | — | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wiscontain - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - - Wix Certral - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - Karass - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - <t< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | _ | | | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| | Wisconsin | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 1 | — | | | | | |
| Anasa - 0 1 - 1 - 0 0 - <td>W.N. Central</td> <td>_</td> <td>0</td> <td>3</td> <td>_</td> <td>2</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>23</td> <td>5</td> <td>8</td> | W.N. Central | _ | 0 | 3 | _ | 2 | _ | | 23 | 5 | 8 | | | | |
| Minesota - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - | | — | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Missouri - 0 1 - - - 2 22 5 8 North Dakota - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - Sotth Dakota - 0 0 - - 0 0 - - - Sotth Dakota - 0 0 - - 0 0 - | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nebraska ⁵ - 0 2 - 1 - 0 1 - <th< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| South Dakota - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - <t< td=""><td>Nebraska[§]</td><td>—</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>1</td><td>—</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td></t<> | Nebraska [§] | — | | | _ | 1 | — | 0 | 1 | | | | | | |
| S. Atlantic - - 1 8 7 6 - 4 25 39 150 Delaware - 0 1 1 - - 0 3 4 1 Delaware 0 0 1 1 - - 0 3 4 1 Delaware 0 1 1 - - 0 0 - 1 - 1 - - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 1 | | — | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Delaware - 0 1 1 - - - 0 3 4 1 District of Columbia - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - 1 - - - - - - - - - 1 - - - - - - - -< | | _ | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| District of Columbia - 0 0 - - - - 0 0 - | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Florida | _ | | | _ | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| North Carolina ⁵ - 0 1 1 - - 1 24 27 119 South Carolina ⁵ - 0 1 - - 0 4 2 11 West Virginia ⁵ - 0 1 - - 0 5 2 11 West Virginia - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 - - 1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | — | | | 5 | 6 | — | | | | | | | | |
| South Carolina ⁵ - 0 1 - - - - 0 4 2 5 Wrignia ⁵ - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - 11 West Virginia - 0 0 2 2 1 - - 0 1 - 1 ES. Central - 0 1 - - - 0 0 - - 1 7 2 8 Kentucky - 0 1 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 1 7 2 8 Kentucky - 0 0 1 - - 1 - - - 1 - - 1 - - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 1 <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Virgina's - 0 1 - - - 0 5 2 11 ES. Central - 0 0 2 2 1 - 4 15 9 25 Alabama's - 0 1 - - - 1 7 2 8 Kentucky - 0 1 - - - 1 7 2 8 Kentucky - 0 1 - - 0 1 - | South Carolina [§] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| West Virginia - 0 0 - - - 0 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 2 8 Kentucky - 0 1 - - - 0 0 - <td>Virginia[§]</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Virginia [§] | _ | | | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Alabama ⁵ - 0 1 - - - 1 7 2 8 Kentucky - 0 1 1 - - 0 0 - - Mississippi - 0 0 - 1 - 0 1 1 - - - - 0 1 1 - - - - - 0 1 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 0 1 - - - - 0 1 - - - 3 3 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - 3 3 - - - 1 - 0 1 1 1 - 3 3 3 3 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 | | | | |
| Kentucky - 0 1 1 - - 0 0 - - - Mississippi - 0 0 - - 1 - 0 0 1 - - - 0 1 1 - - - 0 1 1 - - - 0 1 1 - - - 1 25 5 10 Arkansa [§] - 0 0 - - - - 1 - | | _ | | | 2 | 1 | _ | 4 | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | — | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Tennessee§ | _ | | | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| Arkansas [§] - 0 0 - - - 0 14 - 3 Louisiana - 0 0 - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 - - - 0 1 1 1 - - 0 1 1 1 - - 0 1 1 1 1 - - 0 1 1 1 1 1 - - 0 1 1 1 - - 0 1 1 1 1 1 - - 0 1 <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>0</td> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>1</td> <td>25</td> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> | | _ | 0 | 3 | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | 25 | 5 | 10 | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Arkansas [§] | _ | 0 | | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | — | | | | — | | | | | | | | | |
| Mountain - 0 2 - 1 - 0 3 - 3 Arizona - 0 2 - 1 - 0 2 - 1 Colorado - 0 1 - 0 2 - 1 Colorado - 0 1 - - 0 0 - - 1 Idaho ⁵ - 0 0 - - - 0 0 - | Okianoma Texas [§] | _ | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Arizona 0 2 1 0 2 1 Colorado 0 1 0 0 1 Idaho [§] 0 0 0 0 1 Montana [§] 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 < | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Colorado 0 1 0 0 10 10 < | | _ | | | _ | | _ | | | _ | | | | | |
| Montana [§] 0 1 0 2 New da [§] 0 0 0 1 New Mexico [§] 0 0 0 1 Utah 0 0 0 0 1 Wyoming [§] 0 1 0 0 Pacific 0 1 0 0 Alaska 0 0 0 0 | Colorado | _ | | 1 | _ | _ | _ | | | _ | _ | | | | |
| Nevada [§] 0 0 0 1 New Mexico [§] 0 0 1 Utah 0 0 0 0 1 Utah 0 0 0 0 1 Wyoming [§] 0 1 0 0 Pacific 0 1 0 0 Alaska 0 0 0 0 Hawaii 0 0 0 0 Washington 0 0 | Idaho ^s | | | | | | | | | | — | | | | |
| New Mexico [§] 0 0 0 0 1 Utah 0 0 0 0 1 Wyoming [§] 0 1 0 0 1 Pacific 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 Alaska 0 0 0 0 0 0 <t< td=""><td>Montana³ Nevada[§]</td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | Montana ³ Nevada [§] | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Utah 0 0 0 0 1 Wyoming [§] 0 1 0 1 Pacific 0 1 0 0 Alaska 0 0 0 0 California 0 0 0 0 Hawaii 0 0 0 0 Oregon 0 0 0 0 Washington 0 0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parific 0 1 0 0 <t< td=""><td>Utah</td><td>—</td><td></td><td></td><td>—</td><td>—</td><td>—</td><td></td><td></td><td>—</td><td></td></t<> | Utah | — | | | — | — | — | | | — | | | | | |
| Alaska 0 0 0 0 California Galifornia 0 1 0 0 Hawaii 0 0 0 0 Oregon 0 0 0 0 Washington 0 0 0 0 American Samoa 0 0 0 0 Guam 0 0 0 0 | Wyoming [§] | — | 0 | 1 | — | — | — | 0 | 1 | — | — | | | | |
| California 0 1 0 0 | | _ | | | _ | _ | | | | — | _ | | | | |
| Hawaii 0 0 0 0 0 0 - | | — | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oregon 0 0 0 0 < | | _ | | | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| Washington 0 0 0 0 <th< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C.N.M.I. | Washington | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | | | | |
| Guam 0 0 0 0 Puerto Rico 0 0 0 0 - | | — | | | | — | | 0 | 0 | — | — | | | | |
| Puerto Rico - 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | U.S. Virgin Islands | | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | _ | | | | | |

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

U: Unavailable. ---: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional.

⁺ Illnesses with similar clinical presentation that result from Spotted fever group rickettsia infections are reported as Spotted fever rickettsioses. Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF) caused by *Rickettsia rickettsii*, is the most common and well-known spotted fever. [§] Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending April 17, 2010, and April 18, 2009 (15th week)*

| Descriteres | | | All ages | | | Age <5 | | | | | Syphilis, primary and secondary | | | | |
|--|----------|---------|----------|------------|-----------|---------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | Current | | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | - | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum | Current . | | 52 weeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 | week | Med | Max | 2010 | 2009 |
| United States | 223 | 55 | 394 | 4,776 | 1,269 | 32 | 45 | 128 | 786 | 912 | 72 | 247 | 388 | 2,579 | 3,980 99 |
| New England Connecticut | 2 | 1 0 | 51 50 | 172 45 | 26 | _ | 1 0 | 23 22 | 12 2 | 31 | 6 | 6 0 | 21 9 | 99 11 | 23 |
| Maine [§] Massachusetts | 1 | 1 0 | 5 1 | 38 | 4 1 | _ | 0 | 2 5 | 4 | 24 | 6 | 0 4 | 3 12 | 8 66 | 1 63 |
| New Hampshire | _ | 0 | 6 | 41 | 5 | _ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 5 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 8 |
| Rhode Island [§] Vermont [§] | | 0 | 5 6 | 15 33 | 10 6 | _ | 0 0 | 1 1 | 2 1 | 2 | _ | 0 | 5 2 | 9 2 | 4 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 23 | 4 | 27 | 282 | 68 | 5 | 5 | 48 | 89 | 97 | 33 | 34 | 50 | 497 | 547 |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | 5 | 0 2 | 4 12 | 27 63 | 32 | 3 | 1 2 | 3 19 | 16 47 | 18 46 | 4 4 | 3 2 | 13 11 | 65 29 | 79 29 |
| New York City | 7 | 0 | 10 | 25 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 28 | 7 | 27 | 17 | 20 | 39 | 302 | 346 |
| Pennsylvania | 11 | 2 | 19 | 167 | 33 | _ | 0 | 5 | 19 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 14 | 101 | 93 |
| E.N. Central Illinois | 15 | 13 0 | 73 7 | 661 39 | 265 | 4 | 8 1 | 16 5 | 126 33 | 146 15 | 1 | 25 10 | 54 36 | 165 7 | 392 191 |
| Indiana | _ | 5 | 20 | 147 | 98 | | 1 | 4 | 14 | 27 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 20 | 51 |
| Michigan Ohio | 4 11 | 1 8 | 26 18 | 226 158 | 13 154 | 1 3 | 1 2 | 6 7 | 34 36 | 26 53 | _ | 3 7 | 13 13 | 56 82 | 61 69 |
| Wisconsin | | 0 | 20 | 91 | | _ | 0 | 2 | 9 | 25 | _ | 0 | 3 | | 20 |
| W.N. Central Iowa | 20 | 3 0 | 60 0 | 327 | 66 | 3 | 3 0 | 12 0 | 68 — | 65 | 1 | 5 0 | 12 2 | 60 1 | 91 10 |
| Kansas | 2 | 1 | 6 | 43 | 32 | _ | 0 | 2 | 7 | 11 | _ | 0 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Minnesota Missouri | 17 | 0 1 | 45 8 | 180 45 | 26 | 3 | 0 1 | 10 3 | 33 20 | 16 29 | _ | 1 | 4 8 | 13 42 | 24 50 |
| Nebraska [§] | 1 | 0 | 7 | 51 | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| North Dakota South Dakota | _ | 0 | 4 2 | 4 4 | 8 | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 1 | 3 4 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 2 |
| S. Atlantic | 53 | 26 | 140 | 1,352 | 617 | 3 | 10 | 26 | 206 | 241 | 16 | 60 | 200 | 686 | 878 |
| Delaware District of Columbia | _ | 0 0 | 3 3 | 10 13 | 10 | _ | 0 0 | 2 1 | 3 | _ | 3 | 0 3 | 3 8 | 2 33 | 11 55 |
| Florida | 35 | 15 | 89 | 691 | 369 | 1 | 4 | 18 | 93 | 90 | 3 | 18 | 28 | 227 | 339 |
| Georgia Maryland [§] | 2 11 | 8 0 | 24 25 | 177 183 | 184 4 | 1 | 3 1 | 9 7 | 49 23 | 67 31 | 4 | 14 6 | 151 12 | 73 80 | 133 80 |
| North Carolina | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 2 | 9 | 31 | 142 | 143 |
| South Carolina [§] Virginia [§] | 5 | 0 | 25 2 | 221 18 | _ | 1 | 1 | 4 3 | 19 16 | 23 22 | 2 2 | 2 6 | 6 22 | 42 87 | 28 87 |
| West Virginia | _ | 1 | 20 | 39 | 50 | — | 0 | 3 | 3 | 8 | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | 2 |
| E.S. Central Alabama [§] | 9 | 4 0 | 50 0 | 454 | 119 | _ | 2 0 | 9 0 | 44 | 53 | 6 | 20 6 | 40 18 | 197 47 | 362 149 |
| Kentucky | _ | 1 | 8 | 43 | 38 | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | _ | 1 | 13 | 25 | 20 |
| Mississippi Tennessee [§] | 9 | 0 2 | 5 44 | 24 387 | 3 78 | _ | 0 2 | 2 7 | 5 35 | 6 41 | 6 | 5 7 | 17 15 | 36 89 | 60 133 |
| W.S. Central | 71 | 2 | 62 | 643 | 44 | 14 | 6 | 38 | 107 | 133 | _ | 46 | 74 | 335 | 824 |
| Arkansas [§] | 4 | 1 | 8 | 63 | 22 | — | 0 | 4 | 9 | 16 | — | 5 | 16 | 66 | 53 |
| Louisiana Oklahoma | 2 | 0 0 | 8 5 | 34 23 | 22 | 2 | 0 1 | 3 5 | 9 23 | 16 20 | _ | 10 1 | 27 6 | 64 13 | 276 33 |
| Texas [§] | 65 | 0 | 56 | 523 | | 12 | 3 | 34 | 66 | 81 | _ | 29 | 46 | 192 | 462 |
| Mountain Arizona | 24 10 | 2 0 | 82 51 | 775 380 | 62 | 3 | 6 3 | 12 7 | 118 54 | 133 63 | 3 1 | 8 4 | 18 11 | 81 18 | 153 68 |
| Colorado | 14 | 0 | 20 | 215 | — | 3 | 1 | 4 | 30 | 22 | — | 2 | 5 | 33 | 30 |
| ldaho [§] Montana [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | 5 5 | _ | _ | 0 | 2 0 | 2 | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Nevada [§] | — | 1 | 4 | 29 | 23 | _ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 23 | 31 |
| New Mexico [§] Utah | _ | 0 1 | 8 9 | 65 69 | 32 | _ | 0 1 | 4 5 | 12 15 | 12 28 | 1 | 1 0 | 4 2 | 6 | 15 7 |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 0 | 2 | 7 | 7 | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| Pacific Alaska | 6 | 0 0 | 14 9 | 110 48 | 2 | _ | 0 0 | 7 5 | 16 13 | 13 8 | 6 | 39 0 | 55 0 | 459 | 634 |
| California | 6 | 0 | 12 | 62 | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | 3 | | 3 | 35 | 54 | 422 | 561 |
| Hawaii Oregon | _ | 0 | 1 0 | _ | 2 | _ | 0 0 | 2 0 | _ | 5 | _ | 0 1 | 3 5 | 10 6 | 12 11 |
| Washington | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 3 | 2 | 7 | 21 | 50 |
| American Samoa | _ | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | — |
| C.N.M.I. Guam | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Puerto Rico | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | - | 0 | 0 | _ | — | 1 | 3 | 17 | 54 | 49 |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | _ | 0 | 0 | | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. * Includes drug resistant and susceptible cases of invasive *Streptococcus pneumoniae* disease among children <5 years and among all ages. Case definition: Isolation of *S. pneumoniae* from a normally sterile body site (e.g., blood or cerebrospinal fluid). § Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

| | | Varico | lla (chicken | nov)§ | | West Nile virus disease [†] Neuroinvasive Nonneuroinvasive [¶] | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--|-----|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| | Brovious 52 wooks | | | | | | | | | | Previous 52 weeks | | | | |
| Reporting area | Current week | Med | Max | Cum 2010 | Cum 2009 | Current week | Med | 52 weeks Max | Cum 2010 | Cum 2009 | Current week | Med | Max | Cum 2010 | Cum 2009 |
| United States | 242 | 281 | 637 | 4,311 | 7,741 | _ | 1 | 46 | 2 | | _ | 0 | 49 | | 1 |
| New England | 3 | 15 | 37 | 175 | 334 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Connecticut | _ | 7 | 23 | 43 | 160 | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | |
| Maine [§] Massachusetts | 2 | 4 0 | 15 0 | 76 | 62 2 | _ | 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| New Hampshire | 1 | 3 | 10 | 41 | 70 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Rhode Island [§] | _ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | |
| Vermont [§] | — | 0 | 4 | 12 | 36 | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | |
| Vid. Atlantic | 20 | 22 | 56 | 313 | 620 | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | N N | 0 | 0 | N N | N N | _ | 0 | 1 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 1 | _ | _ |
| New York City | | 0 | 0 | | | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Pennsylvania | 20 | 22 | 56 | 313 | 620 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| E.N. Central | 50 | 108 | 205 | 1,689 | 2,777 | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 3 | _ | _ |
| Illinois | 1 | 25 | 56 | 410 | 702 | — | 0 | 3 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | _ |
| Indiana [§] Michigan | 5 22 | 7 37 | 30 84 | 184 551 | 191 797 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 1 0 | _ | _ |
| Ohio | 22 | 29 | 84 81 | 475 | 879 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ |
| Wisconsin | | 7 | 57 | 69 | 208 | _ | Ő | 1 | _ | _ | _ | Ő | 0 | _ | _ |
| W.N. Central | 11 | 10 | 40 | 184 | 483 | _ | 0 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 11 | _ | _ |
| lowa | N | 0 | 0 | Ν | N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | — | _ |
| Kansas [§] | 2 | 3 | 15 | 59 | 121 | — | 0 | 1 | — | — | — | 0 | 2 | _ | _ |
| Minnesota Missouri | 7 | 0 6 | 0 30 | 102 | 320 | _ | 0 | 1 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| Nebraska [§] | Ň | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 6 | _ | _ |
| North Dakota | 2 | 0 | 26 | 21 | 36 | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 1 | — | _ |
| South Dakota | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 6 | _ | 0 | 3 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ |
| 5. Atlantic | 41 | 25 | 78 | 590 | 901 | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | — | _ |
| Delaware [§] District of Columbia | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 2 1 | 2 11 | _ | 0 | 0 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Florida [§] | 25 | 14 | 57 | 312 | 556 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ |
| Georgia | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Maryland [§] | N | 0 | 0 | Ν | N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | — | _ | 0 | 1 | — | _ |
| North Carolina South Carolina [§] | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Virginia [§] | 2 | 0 | 34 11 | 43 104 | 142 28 | _ | 0 | 2 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| West Virginia | 14 | 8 | 25 | 128 | 162 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| E.S. Central | 5 | 6 | 29 | 73 | 211 | _ | 0 | 6 | 2 | _ | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | _ |
| Alabama [§] | 5 | 6 | 27 | 73 | 208 | _ | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Kentucky | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 1 | | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Mississippi Tennessee [§] | N | 0 | 2 0 | N | 3 N | _ | 0 | 5 2 | 2 | _ | _ | 0 | 4 1 | _ | _ |
| W.S. Central | 95 | 68 | 261 | 905 | 1,762 | | 0 | 19 | | | | 0 | 6 | | |
| Arkansas [§] | 5 | 08 | 31 | 69 | 42 | _ | 0 | 19 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Louisiana | _ | 0 | 7 | 18 | 24 | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | _ |
| Oklahoma | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 2 | — | — | — | 0 | 2 | _ | _ |
| Texas [§] | 90 | 65 | 245 | 818 | 1,696 | _ | 0 | 16 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | _ |
| Nountain Arizona | 17 | 18 0 | 57 0 | 371 | 604 | _ | 0 | 12 4 | _ | _ | — | 0 0 | 17 2 | _ | 1 |
| Colorado [§] | 11 | 8 | 22 | 138 | 231 | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 14 | _ | _ |
| Idaho [§] | N | Ő | 0 | N | N | _ | Ő | 3 | _ | _ | _ | Ő | 5 | _ | _ |
| Montana [§] | 4 | 0 | 17 | 77 | 83 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | — | — | 0 | 1 | _ | |
| Nevada [§] New Mexico [§] | N | 0 | 0 | N 25 | N 49 | _ | 0 | 2 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 1 1 | _ | _ |
| Utah | 2 | 0 7 | 6 32 | 130 | 241 | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ |
| Pacific | _ | 1 | 5 | 11 | 49 | _ | 0 | 12 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 12 | _ | _ |
| Alaska | — | 0 | 4 | 11 | 28 | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | _ |
| California | — | 0 | 0 | — | | — | 0 | 8 | _ | — | — | 0 | 6 | — | _ |
| Hawaii Oregon | N | 0 | 4 0 | N | 21 N | _ | 0 | 0 1 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 0 4 | _ | _ |
| Washington | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 6 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 4 | _ | _ |
| American Samoa | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Z.N.M.I. | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | _ | — | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Puerto Rico | 2 | 7 | 30 | 63 | 171 | — | 0 | 0 | — | — | — | 0 | 0 | — | _ |
| J.S. Virgin Islands | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | — | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | — | |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not reportable. NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum. * Incidence data for reporting years 2009 and 2010 are provisional. Data for HIV/AIDS, AIDS, and TB, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly. ¹ Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for California serogroup, eastern equine, Powassan, St. Louis, and western equine diseases are available in Table I. ⁵ Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS). ¹ Not reportable in all states. Data from states where the condition is not reportable are excluded from this table, except starting in 2007 for the domestic arboviral diseases and influenza-associated pediatric mortality, and in 2003 for SARS-CoV. Reporting exceptions are available at http://www.cdc.gov/epo/dphsi/phs/infdis.htm.

TABLE III. Deaths in 122 U.S. cities,* week ending April 17, 2010 (15th week)

| | | All ca | uses, by a | ge (years) | | | | | All causes, by age (years) | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|----------|------------|------------|------|--------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|---------|--------|------|--------|---------------------------|
| Reporting area | All Ages | ≥65 | 45-64 | 25–44 | 1–24 | <1 | P&I [†] Total | Reporting area | All Ages | ≥65 | 45-64 | 25–44 | 1–24 | <1 | P&I [†] Total |
| New England | 497 | 364 | 94 | 18 | 10 | 11 | 50 | S. Atlantic | 1,207 | 720 | 322 | 107 | 31 | 25 | 74 |
| Boston, MA | 132 | 85 | 31 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 12 | Atlanta, GA | 117 | 68 | 37 | 11 | 1 | _ | 8 |
| Bridgeport, CT | 29 | 23 | 5 | 1 | — | — | 3 | Baltimore, MD | 141 | 66 | 44 | 22 | 1 | 8 | 9 |
| Cambridge, MA | 13 | 10 | 3 | _ | — | — | _ | Charlotte, NC | 109 | 66 | 25 | 11 | 5 | 2 | 10 |
| Fall River, MA | 19 | 19 | — | _ | — | — | 1 | Jacksonville, FL | 191 | 112 | 61 | 7 | 9 | 2 | 10 |
| Hartford, CT | 44 | 33 | 9 | 1 | — | 1 | 3 | Miami, FL | 114 | 75 | 25 | 6 | 8 | — | 9 |
| Lowell, MA | 24 | 19 | 4 | 1 | _ | _ | 3 | Norfolk, VA | 56 | 30 | 14 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Lynn, MA | 7 | 5 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | _ | Richmond, VA | 58 | 32 | 18 | 5 | _ | 1 | 1 |
| New Bedford, MA | 15 | 9 | 4 | 2 | _ | _ | 1 | Savannah, GA | 60 | 38 | 15 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| New Haven, CT | 32 | 25 | 5 | — | 2 | — | 4 | St. Petersburg, FL | 58 | 39 | 14 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Providence, RI | 48 | 34 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | Tampa, FL | 222 | 152 | 45 | 17 | 1 | 7 | 13 |
| Somerville, MA | 2 | 2 | | | _ | | | Washington, D.C. | 75 | 39 | 23 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| Springfield, MA | 44 | 31 | 8 | 3 | _ | 2 | 6 | Wilmington, DE | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | | _ |
| Waterbury, CT | 22 | 20 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | | E.S. Central | 914 | 576 | 246 | 59 | 16 | 17 | 98 |
| Worcester, MA | 66 | 49 | 11 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 12 | Birmingham, AL | 165 | 106 | 42 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 18 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 1,740 | 1,204 | 388 | 84 | 25 | 39 | 101 | Chattanooga, TN | 86 | 55 | 25 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 8 |
| Albany, NY | 43 | 30 | 11 | 2 | _ | _ | 1 | Knoxville, TN | 86 | 69 | 15 | 2 | _ | _ | 10 |
| Allentown, PA | 23 | 17 | 5 | 1 | _ | _ | 2 | Lexington, KY | 56 | 39 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 1 | ! |
| Buffalo, NY | 86 | 53 | 17 | 10 | 2 | 4 | 7 | Memphis, TN | 179 | 103 | 59 | 13 | 4 | _ | 2 |
| Camden, NJ | 28 | 22 | 4 | 1 | _ | 1 | 2 | Mobile, AL | 109 | 71 | 24 | 8 | 1 | 5 | |
| Elizabeth, NJ | 19 | 12 | 6 | 1 | — | — | 2 | Montgomery, AL | 59 | 36 | 13 | 8 | _ | 2 | |
| Erie, PA | 44 | 33 | 11 | _ | _ | — | 3 | Nashville, TN | 174 | 97 | 56 | 14 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Jersey City, NJ | 21 | 13 | 6 | 2 | — | — | 1 | W.S. Central | 1,241 | 776 | 325 | 67 | 40 | 31 | 7 |
| New York City, NY | 843 | 612 | 180 | 29 | 6 | 16 | 47 | Austin, TX | 92 | 46 | 32 | 8 | 5 | 1 | |
| Newark, NJ | 31 | 18 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | Baton Rouge, LA | 83 | 50 | 15 | 10 | 6 | 2 | |
| Paterson, NJ | 14 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 1 | _ | 3 | Corpus Christi, TX | 81 | 55 | 25 | 1 | _ | _ | |
| Philadelphia, PA | 275 | 165 | 65 | 25 | 10 | 10 | 12 | Dallas, TX | 205 | 119 | 55 | 8 | 8 | 13 | 1 |
| Pittsburgh, PA [§] | 32 | 23 | 9 | — | _ | — | 6 | El Paso, TX | 86 | 62 | 15 | 3 | 4 | 2 | |
| Reading, PA | 23 | 18 | 3 | 1 | 1 | — | 1 | Fort Worth, TX | U | U | U | U | U | U | l |
| Rochester, NY | 78 | 48 | 20 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 4 | Houston, TX | 145 | 86 | 43 | 8 | 4 | 4 | |
| Schenectady, NY | 25 | 17 | 6 | 1 | 1 | — | 1 | Little Rock, AR | 75 | 47 | 20 | 5 | 2 | 1 | |
| Scranton, PA | 32 | 27 | 5 | — | — | — | _ | New Orleans, LA | U | U | U | U | U | U | ι |
| Syracuse, NY | 73 | 52 | 16 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 6 | San Antonio, TX | 276 | 180 | 65 | 16 | 10 | 5 | 2 |
| Trenton, NJ | 25 | 17 | 7 | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | Shreveport, LA | 55 | 40 | 14 | _ | _ | 1 | |
| Utica, NY | 16 | 12 | 3 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | Tulsa, OK | 143 | 91 | 41 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Yonkers, NY | 9 | 9 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | Mountain | 1,151 | 751 | 268 | 82 | 31 | 14 | 92 |
| E.N. Central | 2,032 | 1,358 | 467 | 129 | 32 | 46 | 151 | Albuquerque, NM | 100 | 66 | 22 | 6 | 6 | _ | 8 |
| Akron, OH | 58 | 44 | 11 | 2 | _ | 1 | 5 | Boise, ID | 55 | 36 | 16 | 3 | _ | _ | ! |
| Canton, OH | 52 | 32 | 16 | 3 | 1 | _ | 5 | Colorado Springs, CO | 78 | 54 | 13 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Chicago, IL | 307 | 186 | 84 | 23 | 6 | 8 | 9 | Denver, CO | 85 | 50 | 26 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 8 |
| Cincinnati, OH | 79 | 47 | 22 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 7 | Las Vegas, NV | 277 | 186 | 65 | 18 | 6 | 1 | 23 |
| Cleveland, OH | 250 | 172 | 59 | 14 | 3 | 2 | 16 | Ogden, UT | 36 | 28 | 5 | 2 | 1 | _ | 4 |
| Columbus, OH | 217 | 145 | 49 | 15 | 6 | 2 | 25 | Phoenix, AZ | 185 | 106 | 50 | 17 | 6 | 5 | 14 |
| Dayton, OH | 142 | 97 | 35 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 11 | Pueblo, CO | 36 | 23 | 11 | 2 | _ | _ | |
| Detroit, MI | 74 | 40 | 21 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 5 | Salt Lake City, UT | 114 | 68 | 26 | 14 | 3 | 3 | |
| Evansville, IN | 58 | 48 | 6 | 4 | _ | _ | 5 | Tucson, AZ | 185 | 134 | 34 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Fort Wayne, IN | 79 | 47 | 22 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 6 | Pacific | 1,507 | 1,044 | 328 | 79 | 36 | 20 | 14 |
| Gary, IN | 16 | 7 | 5 | 4 | _ | _ | 1 | Berkeley, CA | 4 | 3 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Grand Rapids, MI | 66 | 50 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | Fresno, CA | 115 | 76 | 29 | 6 | 4 | _ | 1 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 203 | 134 | 43 | 14 | 5 | 7 | 17 | Glendale, CA | 33 | 25 | 8 | _ | _ | _ | |
| Lansing, MI | 40 | 30 | 7 | 3 | _ | _ | 3 | Honolulu, HI | 69 | 53 | 11 | 4 | 1 | _ | |
| Milwaukee, WI | 87 | 60 | 19 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 | Long Beach, CA | 63 | 40 | 18 | 3 | 2 | _ | 1 |
| Peoria, IL | 50 | 41 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | Los Angeles, CA | 268 | 174 | 57 | 19 | 11 | 7 | 2 |
| Rockford, IL | 42 | 32 | 7 | 2 | 1 | _ | 4 | Pasadena, CA | 36 | 29 | 6 | 1 | _ | _ | 2 |
| South Bend, IN | 50 | 31 | , 9 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 7 | Portland, OR | 100 | 60 | 31 | 5 | 2 | 2 | |
| Toledo, OH | 101 | 69 | 24 | 6 | | 2 | 5 | Sacramento, CA | 202 | 153 | 36 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Youngstown, OH | 61 | 46 | 13 | | _ | 2 | 5 | San Diego, CA | 165 | 117 | 30 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| W.N. Central | 608 | 410 | 144 | 28 | 14 | 10 | 44 | San Francisco, CA | 116 | 77 | 29 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Des Moines, IA | 78 | 56 | 144 | 20 | 14 | 2 | 44 10 | San Jose, CA | U | U | 29 U | 4 U | U | 4 U | 1 |
| Duluth, MN | 78 34 | 28 | 4 | 3 1 | 1 | | 4 | Santa Cruz, CA | 37 | 26 | 5 | 6 | | | |
| | 34 33 | | 4 13 | | 1 | 3 | | | 37 110 | | 5 25 | | 4 | 2 | |
| Kansas City, KS Kansas City, MO | | 16 74 | | 1 | _ | 3 1 | 1 9 | Seattle, WA Spokane, WA | | 68 54 | | 11 | | | |
| | 115 | 74 | 32 | 8 | 1 | _ | | | 72 | 54 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Lincoln, NE | 49 | 38 | 10 | | 1 | | 3 | Tacoma, WA | 117 | 89 7 202 | 21 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Minneapolis, MN | 62 | 41 | 13 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | Total¶ | 10,897 | 7,203 | 2,582 | 653 | 235 | 213 | 82 |
| Omaha, NE | 88 | 56 | 28 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| St. Louis, MO | 5 | 2 | 1 | _ | 2 | — | _ | 1 | | | | | | | |
| St. Paul, MN | 50 | 36 | 7 | 2 | 5 | _ | 5 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Wichita, KS | 94 | 63 | 20 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | |

U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. * Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 122 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of >100,000. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included. * Pneumonia and influenza.

[§] Because of changes in reporting methods in this Pennsylvania city, these numbers are partial counts for the current week. Complete counts will be available in 4 to 6 weeks.

[¶] Total includes unknown ages.

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